# Introduction To Startup Management

**Building and Scaling Your Business** 

### Welcome

### Instructor: Aleš Špetič

#### Education

BS Computer science, University in Ljubljana MBA, California State University, East Bay (Hayward)

#### Accomplishments

Online trading platform OBS Online, Transact-SQL Cookbook, TS Startup incubator, Digital Champion of Slovenia, Member of the PMs advisory group on digitisation

#### Startup experience

CEO Zemanta 2007-2010, CEO DeckReport 2010-2011, CEO CubeSensors 2012 - 2016, CEO Klevio 2016-

### Student Introductions

#### Who are you?

- Background (field of study, work experience)
- One thing you want to learn from this course?

### Course Overview

#### Structure

- In-depth lectures covering various aspects of startup management.
- Interactive discussions, real-world case studies, and group activities.
- Assignments to apply your learning in practical scenarios.
- A final project to synthesise your knowledge and skills.

# Expectations

#### Continuous team work on a project

- team work on a single project throughout semester
- periodic team presentation in front of the class
- readings and classes on startup topics
- class participation

# Grading

#### Continuous participation helps!

- team work, 2-3 team members recommended
- project presentation, including product readiness working product
- criteria: would an investor invest in your project?
- incremental weekly progress during the course

Submissions: open a Google Docs account, share the work assignments with ales@spetic.si.

### Course Overview

#### **Key topics**

- Identifying startup opportunities
- Building a business plan
- Fundraising and investment strategies
- Marketing and branding for startups
- Sales and customer relations
- Legal and ethical considerations
- Scaling your startup
- Exit strategies and sustainability

# Introduction To Startup Management

#### Learning objectives

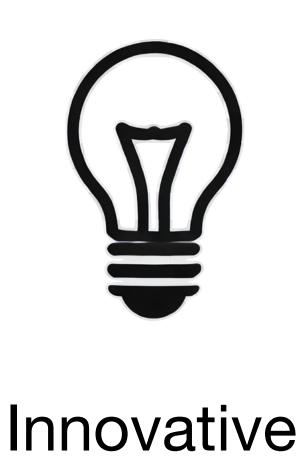
- Understand the characteristics and defining features of startups.
- Explore the startup ecosystem and its role in entrepreneurship.
- Differentiate between entrepreneurship and small business.
- Comprehend the stages of the startup life cycle.
- Recognise the challenges and risks associated with startups.
- Discuss the essential qualities and mindset of a successful startup founder.

# What Is A Startup?

#### Startup is a new business!

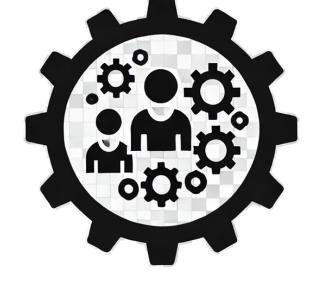
A startup is a fledgling company in its early stages of operation.

It searches a repeatable and scalable business model.









Disruptive

Dynamic

# Startup Or Not?

#### Mini Quiz: Is It a Startup?

- Shopify
- Local Bakery
- Stripe Stripe
- Web design agency
- Tesla



# Entrepreneurship Vs. Small Business

Is it a business or a venture?

Entrepreneurship is the process of identifying, creating, and pursuing opportunities to develop innovative and scalable business ventures.

Innovation, Scalability, Risk-Taking for high growth

A small business is an independently owned and operated company that typically serves a local or niche market and may focus on providing traditional products or services.

Stability, Local Focus, Risk-Aversion

# Startup Vs. Small Business

#### Main differences

Characteristic	Startup	Small Business
Goal	Rapid growth, scale	Steady income, stability
Innovation	High	Often traditional
Risk Level	High risk	Moderate/low risk
Funding	Often VC/angel	Bank loans, personal savings
Exit Strategy	Acquisition/IPO	Succession, family run
Market Scope	Global or large markets	Local or niche

# Startup Ecosystem Map Table

#### Group activity - add local or known examples for each category

- Founders
- Accelerators/Incubators
- Investors (VCs, Angels)
- Mentors/Advisors
- Universities & Research
- Coworking Spaces
- Legal & Financial Support

# Pool Capital, Share Risk, Scale Operations ....

Stora Kopparberg mine, June 16, 1288



# Resources And Support

#### **Funding**

- Venture Capital: VC firms invest in startups with high growth potential, providing not only capital but also strategic guidance.
- Angel Investors: Individual investors who provide capital and often mentorship to startups, especially in their early stages.
- Crowdfunding: Platforms like Kickstarter and Indiegogo allow startups to raise capital by pre-selling products or seeking donations from a large number of people.
- Loans: Some startups secure loans from banks or alternative lenders to fund their operations.

# Activity: Map Your Ecosystem

#### **Group Brainstorm**

- In small teams, brainstorm and sketch your local startup ecosystem.
- Identify major players (accelerators, investors, support orgs)
- Be ready to share in 10–15 minutes

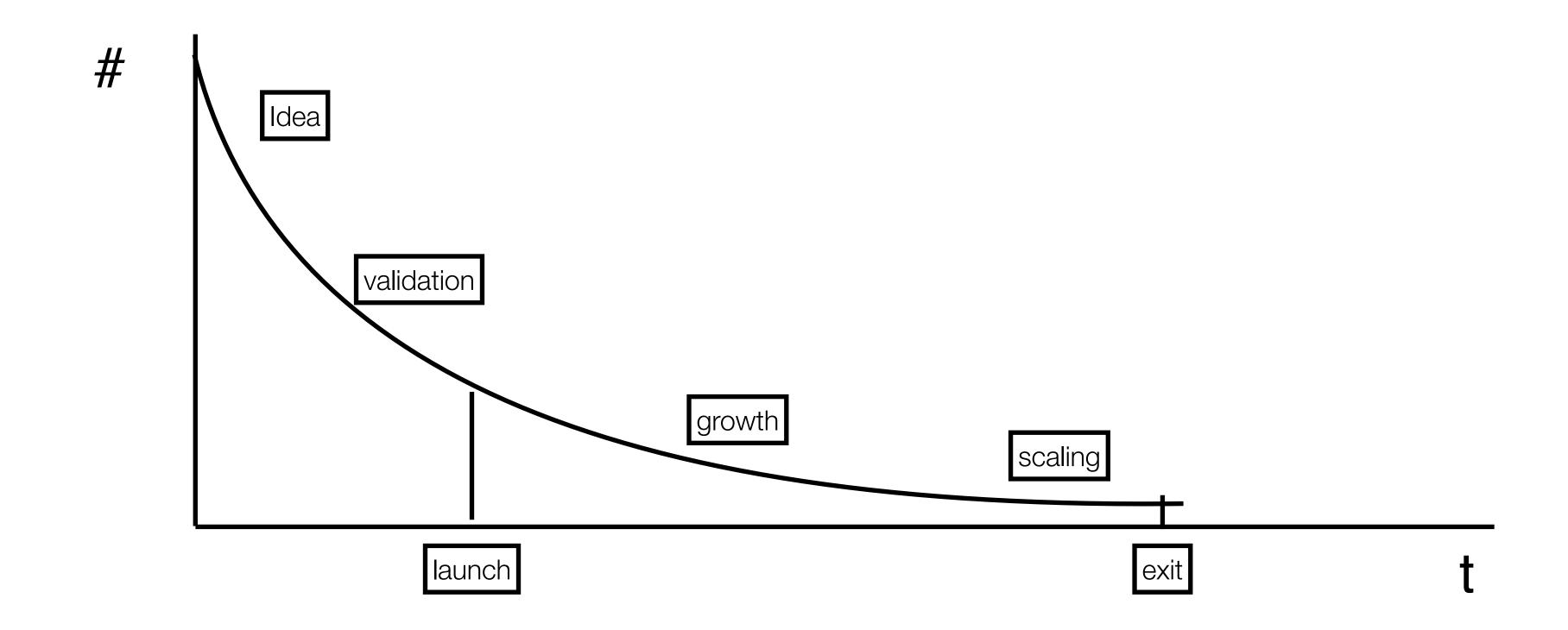
# Startup Life Cycle

#### **Navigating the Phases of Growth**

- Idea Generation: The initial stage where founders conceive a unique business idea or identify a problem they want to solve.
- Validation: The phase where founders test and validate their business idea through market research, prototyping, and early customer feedback.
- Growth: The stage marked by rapid expansion, customer acquisition, and scaling operations.
- Scaling: The phase where the startup focuses on sustaining and accelerating growth while optimizing processes.
- Exit: The final stage where founders may choose to exit the startup through options such as acquisition, merger, or going public.

# Startup Life Cycle

### **Navigating the Phases of Growth**



## Case Study - Airbnb Lifecycle **Startup Life**



- 2007: Idea born during a design conference in SF
- 2008: First prototype and early traction
- 2009: Y Combinator + initial funding
- 2010-2014: Rapid growth & global expansion
- 2015-2019: Consolidation, regulation issues
- 2020: Pandemic crash and recovery
- 2020: IPO

# Challenges And Risks

#### Navigating the Startup Landscape / Challenges

- Funding Constraints: Limited access to capital can impede growth and product development. (e.g. Clubhouse)
- Fierce Competition: Competitive markets often require startups to differentiate themselves effectively. (e.g. Meerkat)
- Market Uncertainty: Market conditions can be unpredictable, making it challenging to gauge demand accurately. (e.g. Segway)
- Talent Acquisition: Attracting and retaining top talent can be difficult, especially for early-stage startups. (e.g. Pebble)
- Product-Market Fit: Finding the right product-market fit is crucial for sustainable growth. (e.g. Google Glass)

# Challenges And Risks

#### Navigating the Startup Landscape / Risks

- Financial Risk: Startups often operate with limited budgets and face the risk of running out of capital. (e.g. Everpix)
- Market Risk: The market's response to a new product or service is uncertain and can impact a startup's success. (e.g. Jawbone).
- Operational Risk: Challenges in day-to-day operations can affect efficiency and customer satisfaction. (e.g. Zenefits)
- Regulatory and Legal Risk: Navigating complex regulatory landscapes can be a significant challenge. (e.g. Uber)
- Reputation Risk: Startups must manage their reputation carefully, as negative perceptions can harm growth. (e.g. Facebook / Cambridge Analytica)

# Activity: Top 5 Startup Challenges

#### **Group Brainstorm**

- In groups or individualy, list your top 5 perceived challenges for startups
- Consider market, team, funding, and product issues
- Compare with class results and discuss surprises

# Famous Startup Failures

#### **Lessons Learned**

• Quibi: Misread market, massive burn, poor timing



• Juicero: Over-engineered product with no real demand



• Theranos: Ethics, tech, and trust failure theranes



Discussion:

What would you have done differently?



### Mindset Of A Founder

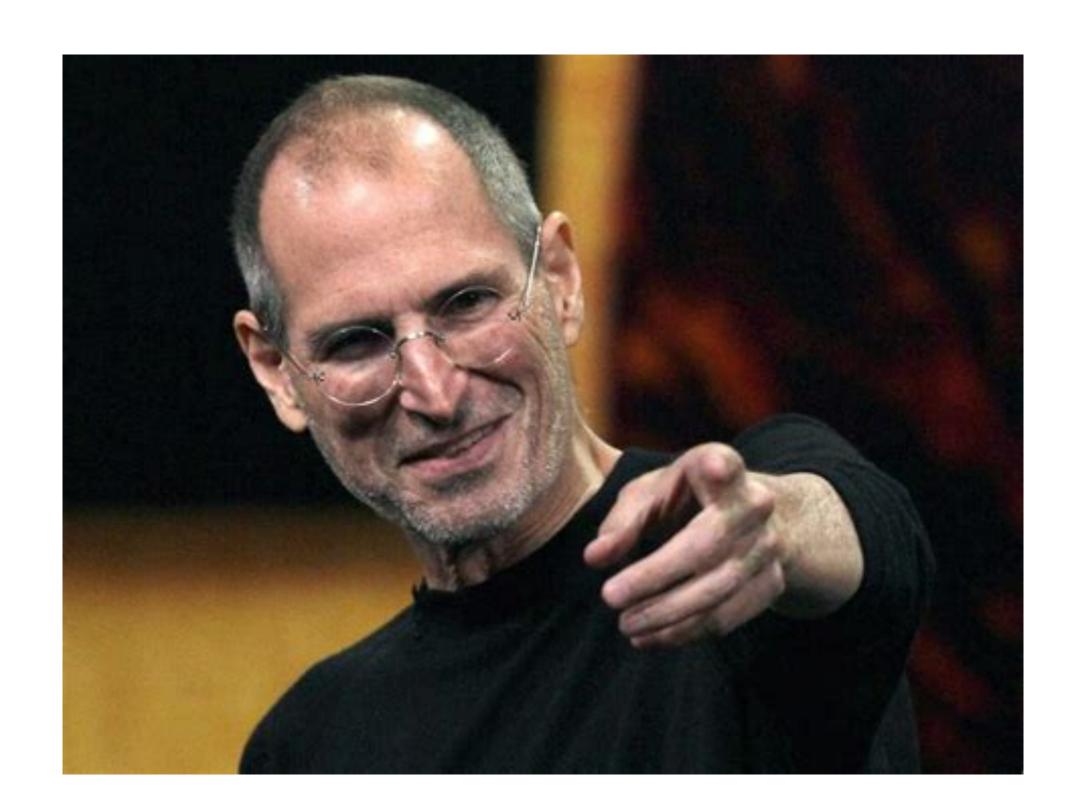
#### **Qualities that Drive Success**

- Resilience: The ability to bounce back from setbacks and maintain determination in the face of adversity.
- Adaptability: A willingness to pivot and adjust strategies based on changing circumstances and feedback.
- Risk-Taking: A comfort with taking calculated risks and exploring uncharted territories.
- Vision: A clear and inspiring vision for the startup's future, along with the ability to communicate that vision to the team.
- Persistence: A commitment to the long-term vision, even when faced with challenges and temporary setbacks.
- Life long learner: Curiosity, learning from mistakes, networking...

### Mindset Of A Founder: Self-awareness!!!

#### Elon Musk, Steve Jobs





### Founder Mindset Mini-Quiz

#### Self-Assessment: Do You Think Like a Founder?

- I thrive in uncertain situations
- I bounce back quickly from failure
- I seek feedback, even if it's tough to hear
- I'm driven by a mission or big idea
- I like to build things from scratch

Instructions: Rate each statement 1–5 (strongly disagree to strongly agree)

# The Lean Startup Approach

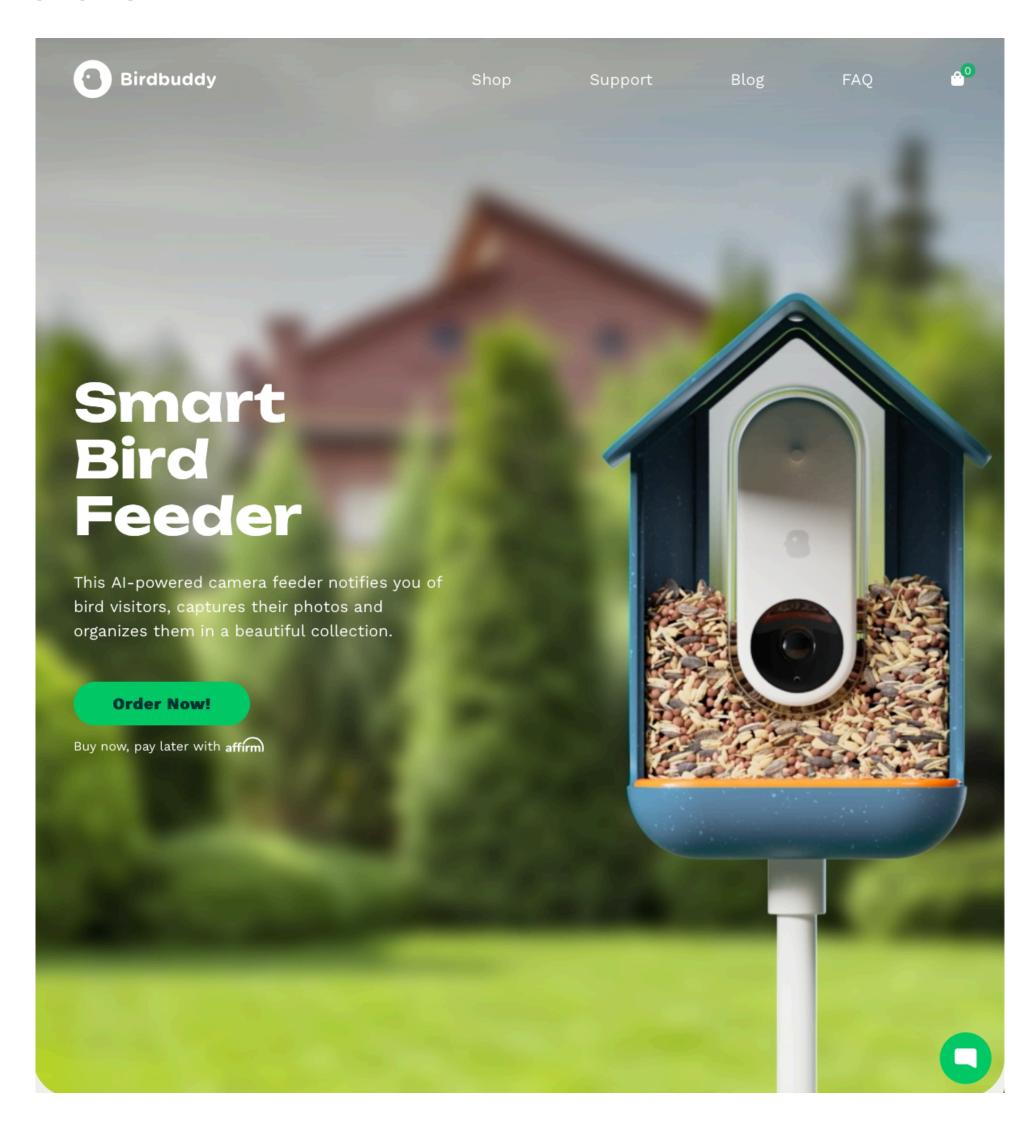
#### Innovate, Iterate, and Accelerate

The Lean Startup is a systematic approach for developing businesses and products, emphasising iterative and customer-centric practices.

- **Efficiency**: It helps startups avoid wasting resources on products or features that may not resonate with customers.
- **Risk Reduction**: By continually testing and learning, startups reduce the risk of building a product that no one wants.
- **Customer-Centric**: It places the customer at the center of the development process, leading to products that better meet their needs.

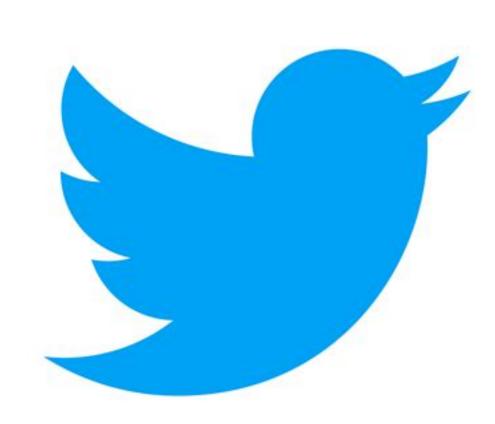
# The Lean Startup Approach

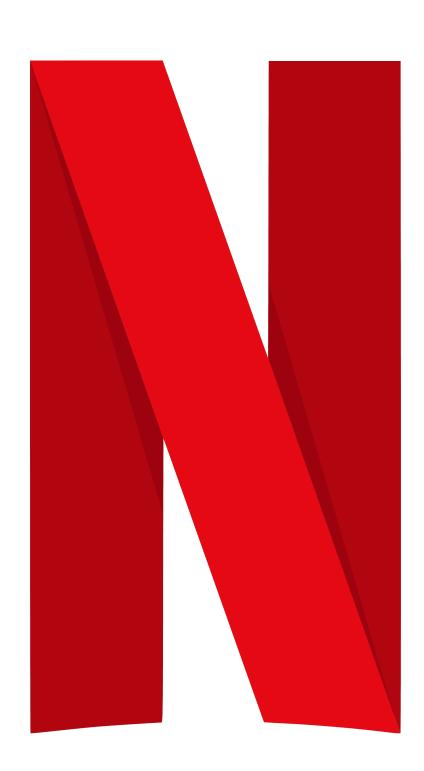
#### **Minimal Viable Product**



# The Lean Startup Approach

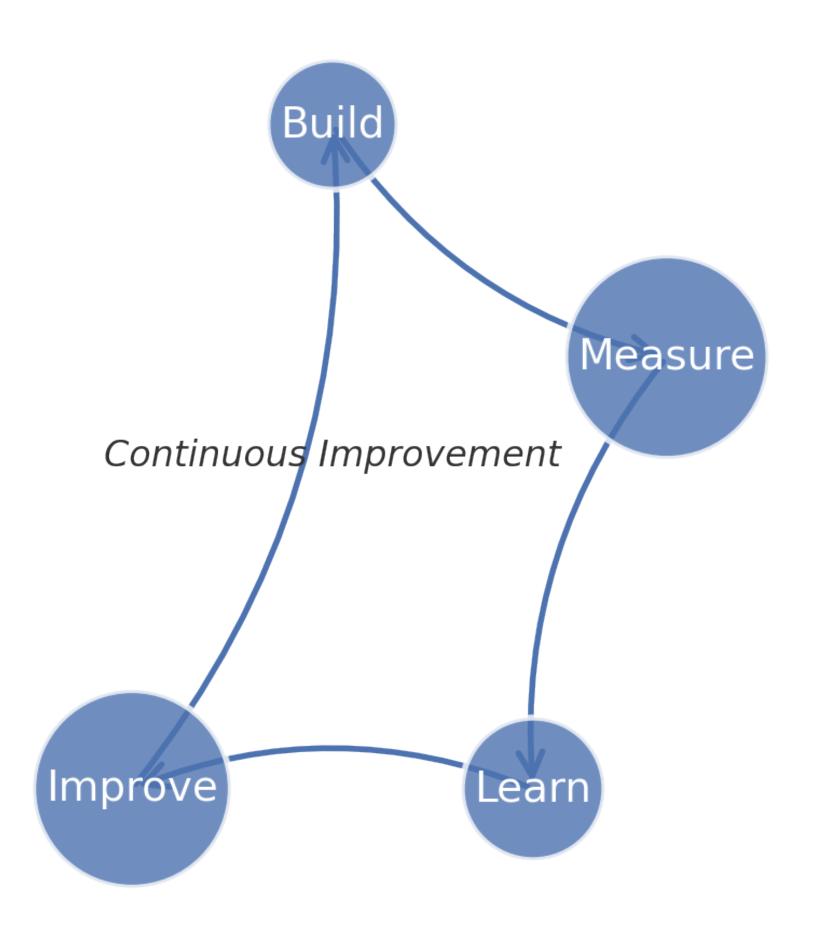
#### **Pivot and Persevere**





# Lean Startup Principles

#### **Continuous Improvement**



### The Role Of Failure

#### Know when to fail or give-up?

Failure in the startup world is not an endpoint but rather a step on the path to success. It's an opportunity to learn, adapt, and grow.

- **Thomas Edison**: Edison failed thousands of times while trying to invent the electric light bulb. His famous quote: "I have not failed. I've just found 10,000 ways that won't work."
- **Steve Jobs**: Jobs was fired from Apple, the company he co-founded. However, he returned to Apple and led it to become one of the most valuable tech companies globally.
- **WD-40**: WD-40, the popular household lubricant, got its name because it was the 40th formula the company tried. It's now a staple in millions of homes.

### Conclusion

#### Preparing for Your Startup Journey

- The definition and characteristics of startups.
- The importance of the startup ecosystem.
- Distinguishing entrepreneurship from small business.
- The startup life cycle and its stages.
- Common challenges and risks faced by startups.
- The qualities and mindset of a successful startup founder.
- The Lean Startup approach and its principles.
- The role of failure as a learning opportunity.
- The resources and support available to startups.

# Assignment **Build your startup**

- get co-founders
- generate/test ideas
- define a product
- get a name

Create docs with GDrive tools and share the doc with <u>ales@spetic.si</u> by the end of the week!

Please create a folder with the name of your team and share it with me. All the documents that you want to share, should be in the folder.

# Resources **Startup Inspiration**

#### Podcasts:

- How I Built This (NPR)
- a16z Podcast (Andreessen Horowitz)
- The Tim Ferriss Show

#### Books:

- The Lean Startup by Eric Ries
- Zero to One by Peter Thiel
- Founders at Work by Jessica Livingston

#### Videos:

- Y Combinator Startup School (YouTube)
- TED Talks on innovation, failure, and entrepreneurship