## Computational topology

Lab work, $3^{\text {rd }}$ week

1. Find the open stars $\operatorname{st}(A), \operatorname{st}(A B)$ and the $\operatorname{links} \operatorname{lk}(A), \operatorname{lk}(A B)$ for the simplicial complex given below.

2. The simplicial complex $K$ contains the following simplices:

$$
\left\langle v_{0}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{1}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{2}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{3}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{4}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{0}, v_{1}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{0}, v_{3}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{1}, v_{3}\right\rangle,\left\langle v_{0}, v_{1}, v_{2}\right\rangle
$$

(a) Add any simplices that are missing from $K$.
(b) Draw the Hasse diagram of $K$.
(c) Draw the open stars $\operatorname{st}\left(\left\langle v_{0}\right\rangle\right)$, $\operatorname{st}\left(\left\langle v_{0}, v_{1}\right\rangle\right)$ and the links $\operatorname{lk}\left(\left\langle v_{0}\right\rangle\right), \operatorname{lk}\left(\left\langle v_{0}, v_{1}\right\rangle\right)$. Mark them on the Hasse diagram as well.
3. For each of the following triangulations determine if it is a triangulation of a surface.

A: $[(1,2,3),(1,2,4),(1,3,4),(2,3,4)]$
$B:[(1,2,3),(1,2,4),(2,3,5),(2,3,6),(3,5,7)]$
$\mathrm{C}:[(1,2,3),(2,3,4),(3,4,5)$,
$(4,5,6),(1,5,6),(1,2,6)]$
D: $[(1,2,4),(2,4,6),(2,3,6),(3,6,8),(1,3,8)$,
$(1,4,8),(4,5,6),(5,6,7),(6,7,8),(7,8,9)$,
$(4,8,9),(4,5,9),(1,5,7),(1,2,7),(2,7,9)$,
$(2,3,9),(3,5,9),(1,3,5)]$
E: $[(1,2,4),(2,4,6),(2,3,6),(3,6,8),(1,3,8)$,
$(1,5,8),(4,5,6),(5,6,7),(6,7,8),(7,8,9)$,
$(5,8,9),(4,5,9),(1,5,7),(1,2,7),(2,7,9)$,
$(2,3,9),(3,4,9),(1,3,4)]$
$F:[(1,2,3),(1,3,4),(2,3,4),(4,5,6)]$
$G:[(1,2,3),(2,3,4),(3,4,5),(4,5,6),(2,5,6),(1,2,6)]$
$H:[(1,3,5),(1,2,6),(1,5,6),(1,2,4),(1,3,4)$,
$(2,3,5),(2,3,6),(2,4,5),(3,4,6),(4,5,6)]$
(a) Find the Euler characteristics for all of these simplicial complexes.
(b) For each case check if the given triangulation belongs to a surface (a 2-dimensional triangulated manifold).
(c) Find the number of boundary components for all of the surfaces.
(d) For each of the surfaces determine if it is orientable or not.
(e) Determine the genus of each orientable surface and the genus of non-orientable surfaces with no boundary.
(f) Name each of the surfaces.

Use the following array to keep track of the results.

|  | Euler <br> characteristic | manifold <br> Y/N | \# of boundary <br> components | orientable <br> Y/N | genus | name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| H |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| genus | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| orientable | $S^{2}$ | $T$ | $T \# T$ |
| non-orientable |  | $P$ | $P \# P$ |

