Collective Behaviour Project Collective Fish Behaviour A Hydrodynamic Interaction Model

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Goal of the project

Initial Objective:

- Develop a refined fish behavior simulation including hydrodynamics presented in Model of collective fish behavior with hydrodynamic interactions, Fiella et. al. (2018)
- Aim for accuracy in modeling behavior influenced by environment

Our Improvements:

- Enhance the model from the paper with water physics and predator interactions
- Create a realistic, interactive simulation environment

Fish behavioural model

- Self-Propelled Particle (SPP) model
- Fish particle moving with a constant speed
- Attraction factor k_p , alignment factor k_v
- Gaussian rotational noise σ
- New variables

$$egin{aligned} I_{||} &= k_v \sqrt{rac{v}{k_p}} & I_n &= \sigma (vk_p)^{-rac{1}{4}} \ I_f &= S rac{k_p}{v} \end{aligned}$$



Fish behavioural model - system of equations

 θ_{ij}

$$\dot{r}_i = e_i^{||} + U_i$$

 $\dot{ heta}_i = \langle
ho_{ij} \sin(heta_{ij}) + I_{||} \sin(\phi_{ij})
angle + I_n \eta + \Omega_i$



$$U_i = \sum_{j \neq i} = u_{ji}, \quad u_{ji} = \frac{I_f}{\pi} \frac{e_j^{\theta} \sin(\theta_{ji}) + e_j^{\rho} \cos(\theta_{ji})}{\rho_{ij}^2}$$

Fish behavioural model - system of equations (cont'd)

$$\dot{r}_i = e_i^{||} + U_i$$
$$\dot{\theta}_i = \langle \rho_{ij} \sin(\theta_{ij}) + I_{||} \sin(\phi_{ij}) \rangle + I_n \eta + \Omega_i$$

- Standard Wiener process η
- Hydrodynamic-induced rotation

$$\Omega_i = \sum_{j
eq i} e_i^{||} \cdot
abla u_{ji} \cdot e_i^{\perp}$$



Fish behavioural model - system of equations (cont'd 2)

$$\dot{r}_i = e_i^{||} + U_i$$
$$\dot{\theta}_i = \langle \rho_{ij} \sin(\theta_{ij}) + I_{||} \sin(\phi_{ij}) \rangle + I_n \eta + \Omega_i$$

- Averaging over Voronoi neighbours

$$\langle \star \rangle = \frac{\sum\limits_{j \in \nu_i} \star (1 + \cos(\theta i j))}{\sum\limits_{j \in \nu_i} (1 + \cos(\theta i j))}$$



Classification of fish behaviours

- Schooling, swarming, milling, turning
- Classification using new parameters:
 - Polarization (P)
 - Milling (M)

	<i>P</i> ≤ 0.5	<i>P</i> > 0.5
<i>M</i> ≤ 0.4	swarming	schooling
<i>M</i> > 0.4	milling	turning



Implementation

- Python
- Libraries: NumPy, SciPy, DearPyGUI
- Main goals:
 - Fast simulation
 - Aesthetic design
 - Interactive parameter changing









Improvement 1 - predator

- Similar behaviour to the fish
- Moves toward other fish with some attraction factor
- Other fish try to turn away if it's too close
- Turns away from other predators
- No ability to eat



Improvement 2 - external flow

- Simulates natural currents and waves
- Affects fish movement and group dynamics
- Use sine function for simulation
- Calculate the strength at each fish position and move it accordingly
- Apply rotational change with gradient



Achieved Results

Successful Model Replication:

- Replicated complex fish behaviors: swarming, schooling, milling, and turning
- Behaviors classified using Polarization (P) and Milling (M) parameters

Enhanced Realism:

- Integrated like collision avoidance and boundary interactions
- Added predator simulation and external flow dynamics
- An interactive GUI allowing real-time parameter adjustments and observations

Video Demonstration

https://youtu.be/F9MiLQuiUbl?si=J-B8fX5p5xMtAfU6

Improvements and Ideas for Future Projects

- Use better, more efficient GUI library
- Addressing instances where the current model misidentifies fish behavior
- Engage with marine biologists for insights and validation
- Generally content with our approach and methodology