

FIZIKA za študente FRI, š.l. 2017/18

Vprašanja za izpit iz teorije (ustni del):

MEHANIKA:

- 1) Razloži, kako opišemo gibanje točkastega telesa v eni in v več dimenzijah z uporabo vektorskega zapisa. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev pospešenega gibanja v dveh ali treh dimenzijah.
- 2) Razloži Newtonove zakone za točkasto telo; posebej razloži razliko med prvim in drugim zakonom v primeru ničelne vsote sil. Navedi primere laboratorijskih eksperimentov (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev teh zakonov.
- 3) Razloži, kako opišemo kroženje točkastega telesa z uporabo vektorjev in pojasni sile, ki nastopajo pri kroženju. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev zakonitosti pri kroženju.
- 4) Razloži izrek o delu kinetični energiji za točkasto telo. Posebej obravnavaj ta izrek za primer zunanje sile trenja na gibajoče se telo in kako se ta izrek uporabi pri enakomernem kroženju točkastega telesa okrog nepremične osi.
- 5) Razloži izrek o gibalni količini za sistem točkastih teles. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev tega izreka.
- 6) Opiši gravitacijsko silo (interakcijo) med dvema telesoma. Napiši Keplerjeve zakone in s pomočjo le-te razloži tretji Keplerjev zakon (konstantno razmerje med...).
- 7) Razloži pojem težnostne potencialne energije ter povezavo med delom sile teže in potencialno energijo. Posebej opiši gravitacijsko potencialno energijo na primeru gibanja planetov okrog sonca in nošnja tovora z vznožja gore do vrha po različnih poteh.
- 8) Razloži Newtonove zakone za togo telo za primer premega gibanja in kroženja. Razloži izrek o gibanju težišča in pokaži, kako enačbe za togo telo preidejo v Newtonove zakone za točkasto telo.
- 9) Razloži izrek o vrtilni količi za vrtenja togega telesa okoli nepremične osi. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev tega izreka.
- 10) Razloži izrek o kinetični energiji za togo telo, ki se vrti okoli nepremične osi. Opiši primer kotaljenja polnega in praznega valja na klancu, ki smo ga pokazali na predavanjih.

ELEKTRIKA IN MAGNETIZEM:

- 11) Opiši električno silo (interakcijo) med dvema naelektrenima telesoma. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev te interakcije.
- 12) Opiši pojem električnega polja ter razloži, kako ponazorimo silnice električnega polja v okolici naelektrenih teles. Opiši primer električnega dipolnega polja ter napiši izraz za navor na električni dipol v zunanem električnem polju.
- 13) Razloži pojem električne potencialne energije, električnega potenciala in električne napetosti ter njihovo povezavo z delom pri premikanju naboja v električnem polju. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev te povezave.
- 14) Opiši pojem električnega toka ter povezavo med tokom, napetostjo in električno energijo. Razloži Ohmov zakon na nivoju gibanja nosilcev naboja.
- 15) Napiši izpeljavo magnetnega dipolnega momenta tokovne zanke in navor nanjo v zunanem magnetnem polju. Opiši magnetno polje v okolici točkastega magnetnega dipola (majhnega permanentnega magneta).
- 16) Opiši značilnosti magnetnega polja v okolici vodnikov s tokom in njegov učinek na točkasti magnetni dipol. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev tega polja.
- 17) Opiši sile, ki delujejo na vodnik z električnim tokom in na gibajoč se električni naboj, ko ga postavimo v zunanje magnetno polje. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev opisanih vplivov.
- 18) Razloži pojav električne indukcije. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev tega pojava.
- 19) Razloži odziv različnih elektronskih elementov (upor, kondenzator, tuljava) na izmenično napetost. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta za ponazoritev omenjenih pojavov.
- 20) Opiši elektromagnetno valovanje in pojasni vsaj eno izmed značilnih valovnih lastnosti vidne svetlobe. Navedi primer laboratorijskega eksperimenta (ali analize pojava v naravi) za ponazoritev te lastnosti.

PHYSICS for students of FRI, school year 2017/18

Questions for exam on theory (oral exam):

MECHANICS:

- 1) Describe the general motion of a point-like object in one and in more dimensions using the vector notation. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates accelerated motion in two (or three) dimensions.
- 2) Describe Newton's laws for a point-like object; explain the difference between the first law and the second law in the case of zero sum of external forces. Give examples of lab experiments (or natural phenomena) that demonstrate these laws.
- 3) Describe circular motion of a point-like object using the vector formalism and explain the forces that appear during such motion. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this type of motion.
- 4) Explain the work-kinetic energy theorem for a point-like object. Describe the application of this theorem to the case of external friction force acting on a moving object and its application in the case of uniform rotation of a point-like body around a fixed axis.
- 5) Explain the theorem on linear momentum for a system of point-like objects. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this theorem.
- 6) Describe gravitational force (interaction) between two bodies. Write down the Kepler's laws and explain the third Kepler's law (constant ratio between...) using this force.
- 7) Describe the concept of gravitational potential energy and explain a relationship between the work of a gravitational force and this energy. Describe the implementation and considerations regarding the gravitational potential energy to the motion of planets around the sun and carrying a load from the bottom of a mountain to its peak using different paths.
- 8) Describe Newton's laws for a macroscopic solid body for the cases of linear motion and rotation. Explain the theorem of the motion of the center-of-mass and show, how the solid-body formulae transform to the Newton's equations for point-like objects.
- 9) Describe the theorem on angular momentum for rotation of solid bodies around the fixed axis. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this theorem.
- 10) Describe the work-kinetic energy theorem for rotation of a solid body around the fixed axis. Describe the example of rolling of the solid and hollow cylinder down a slope, as was shown in the lectures. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this theorem.

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

- 11) Describe electric force (interaction) between two charged objects. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this interaction.
- 12) Explain the concept of electric field and describe construction of field-lines in the vicinity of charged objects. Describe the field of an electric dipole and write down the expression for the torque acting on an electric dipole in an external electric field.
- 13) Explain the concepts of electric potential energy, electric potential and electric voltage and their relationship with the work associated with motion of a point-like charged object in electric field. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this relationship.
- 14) Describe a concept of electric current and a relationship between current, voltage and electric energy. Explain the Ohm's law on the level of the motion of charged current carriers.
- 15) Derive the expression for the dipole moment of a current loop and the torque acting on it in an external magnetic field. Describe the magnetic field in vicinity of a point-like magnetic dipole (small permanent magnet).
- 16) Explain the properties of magnetic field in vicinity of a wire (or more wires) carrying electric current and its effect on a point-like magnetic dipole. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this field.
- 17) Explain forces that act on a current-carrying wire and on a moving electrical charge that is placed into a magnetic field. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this effect.
- 18) Describe the phenomenon of electric induction. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this effect.
- 19) Explain the response of various electric elements (resistor, capacitor, solenoid) on alternating electric voltage. Give examples of lab experiments that demonstrate these responses.
- 20) Describe electromagnetic waves and explain at least one characteristic wave-related property (effect) of visible light. Give an example of a lab experiment (or a natural phenomenon) that demonstrates this effect.