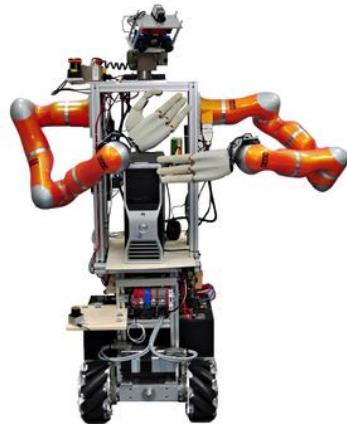


UVOD V  
SPONAVNO **Роботико**



DANIJEL SKOČAJ  
**FRI**

# Robotika

---

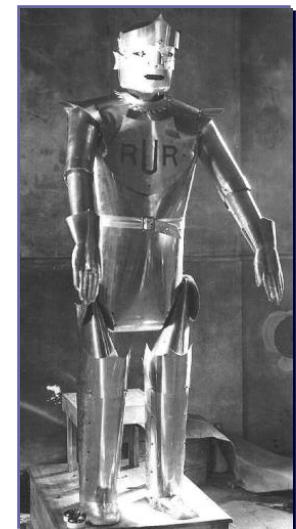
Robot je stroj, ki ga nadzoruje računalnik in ga lahko programiramo, da samostojno opravlja določeno opravilo.

Wikipedia

ro·bot **noun** \'rō-,bät, -bət\: a real or imaginary machine that is controlled by a computer and is often made to look like a human or animal : a machine that can do the work of a person and that works automatically or is controlled by a computer

Merriam – Webster dictionary

- Robot
  - Karel Čapek: R.U.R. (Rossum's Universal Robots), 1921
  - „robot“ – delo; prisiljeno, težko delo

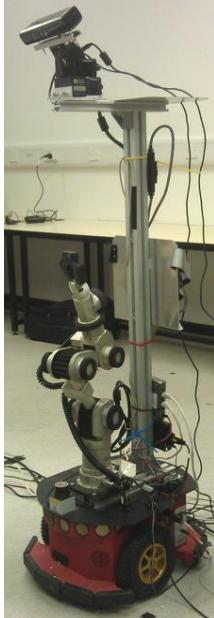


# Spoznavni roboti

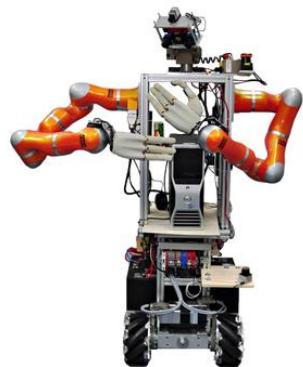
spoznavni roboti



industrijski  
roboti



ZF



človek



zaznavanje

pozornost

načrtovanje

komunikacija

akcija

cilji

sklepanje

učenje

# Robotika

---

- Rutinski industrijski senzorsko robotski sistem



EURON video



EURON video

- Inteligentni umetni vizualni spoznavni sistem

# Spoznavna robotika

---

- Wikipedia:

**Cognitive robotics** is concerned with endowing **robots** with mammalian and **human-like cognitive capabilities** to enable the achievement of complex goals in complex environments. Robotic cognitive capabilities include **perception processing, attention allocation, anticipation, planning, reasoning about other agents**, and perhaps reasoning about their own **mental states**. Robotic cognition embodies the **behaviour of intelligent agents** in the **physical world**.

- A cognitive robot should exhibit:
  - knowledge
  - beliefs
  - preferences
  - goals
  - informational attitudes
  - motivational attitudes (observing, communicating, revising beliefs, planning)

# Definicije raziskovalcev

---

- Cognition is the ability to relate perception and action in a meaningful way determined by experience, learning and memory. *Mike Denham*
- A cognitive system possesses the ability of self-reflection (or at least self-awareness). *Horst Bischof*
- Cognition is gaining knowledge through the senses. *Majid Mermehdi*
- Cognition is the ability to ground perceptions in concepts together with the ability to manipulate concepts in order to proceed toward goals. *Christian Bauckhage*
- An artificial cognitive system is a system that is able to perceive its surrounding environment with multiple sensors, merge this information, reason about it, learn from it and interact with the outside world. *Barbara Caputo*
- Cognition is self-aware processing of information. *Cecilio Angulo*
- Cognitive Systems are ones that are able to extract and (most importantly) represent useful aspects of largely redundant, possibly irrelevant sensory information in a form that is most conducive to achieving a particular high level goal. *Sethu Vijayakumar*
- A cognitive system is a system that can change its behaviour based on reasoning, using observed evidence and domain knowledge. *Bob Fisher*
- Cognition is when I know what I am doing, when I can judge how good or bad it is, and explain why I am doing it. *Markus Vincze*
- Cognition is the ability to plan, reason, adapt and act according to high level motivations or goals and using a range of senses, typically including vision, and may be communicate. *Patrick Courtney*
- A cognitive system is an autonomous anti-entropy engine. *David Vernon*

# Definicije raziskovalcev

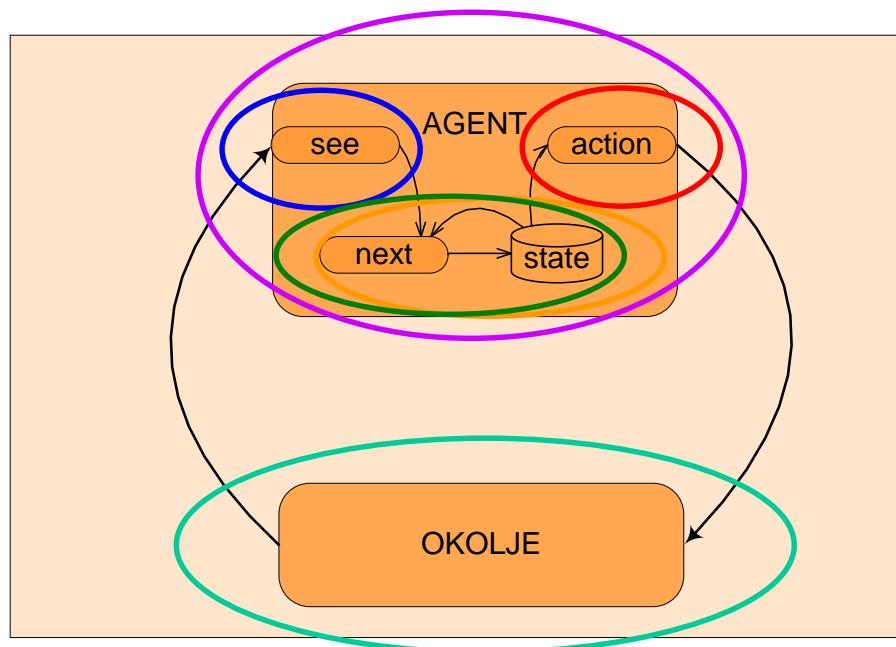
---

- Cognition is the ability to relate **perception** and **action** in a **meaningful** way determined by experience, learning and memory. *Mike Denham*
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# Glavni poudarki

---

- Zaznavanje (perception)
- Akcija (action)
- Sklepanje, načrtovanje (reasoning, planning)
- Cilji (goals)
- Avtonomija, samozavedanje (autonomy, self-awareness)
- Okolje (environment)



# Primer spoznavnega sistema

---

- Hišni robot Robi
- Ukažemo mu: "Prinesi mi pivo".



# Primer

---

- Sosledje dogodkov:
  - Robot mora biti pozoren in poslušati za naš ukaz.  
*[pozornost, motivacija]*
  - Mora nas slišati in razumeti naš ukaz.  
*[zaznavanje, razpoznavanje govora, komunikacija]*
  - Postaviti si mora cilj in težiti k temu, da ga izpolni.  
*[cilj, proaktivnost]*
  - Mora vedeti kje se pivo nahaja, to se je moral prej naučiti.  
*[učenje]*
  - Mora nareediti načrt kako nam bo prinesel pivo. *[načrtovanje]*
  - Mora poiskati najboljšo pot do hladilnika, na osnovi zemljevida, ki si ga je prej zgradil. *[navigacija, gradnja zemljevidov]*
  - Mora se premikati po načrtovani poti. *[akcija – premikanje]*
  - Po poti mora neprestano opazovati kam se giba.  
*[zaznavanje, akcija]*
  - Po poti se mora izogibati oviram.  
*[zaznavanje nevarnosti, ponovno načrtovanje, odzivnost]*

# Primer

---

- Ko pride do hladilnika, se mora pravilno postaviti pred njega.  
*[utelešenost, umeščenost v prostor]*
- Mora znati odpreti hladilnik.  
*[razpoznavanje funkcionalnih lastnosti]*
- V hladilniku mora znati poiskati pivo (njegov izgled se je moral prej naučiti).  
*[zaznavanje, kategorizacija, učenje]*
- Načrtovati mora kako ga bo zagrabil.  
*[načrtovanje]*
- Na pravilen način bo zagrabil steklenico.  
*[akcija, vizualni nadzor, haptični nadzor]*
- Obrnil se bo in po obratni poti odšel nazaj do nas.  
*[načrtovanje, navigacija, akcija, zaznavanje nevarnosti, zaznavanje, razpoznavanje]*
- Robi: "Izvoli tvoje pivo".  
*[komunikacija]*

# Spoznavni sistemi

---

- Kognitivni asistent
  - Razišče okolico in zgradi zemljevid
  - Se nauči prepoznati in identificirati predmete
  - Razume namen in funkcije predmetov
  - Zna interpretirati verbalno in neverbalno komunikacijo ljudi v okolini
  - Zazna nove situacije in ustrezno reagira
  - Deluje robustno, v realnem domačem okolju
- Vgrajene osnovne funkcionalne sposobnosti, ki jih razvija in nadgrajuje z učenjem



I3X

Willow Garage

# Primer spoznavnega sistema

---

- Avtonomni avtomobili
- Vožnja po mestu
- Sposobnosti
  - Zaznavanje (slika, 3D, trk)
  - Načrtovanje
  - Sklepanje
  - Učenje
  - Navigacija
  - Izogibanje oviram
  - Akcija
  - Fleksibilnost
  - Robustnost
  - Učinkovitost
  - ...

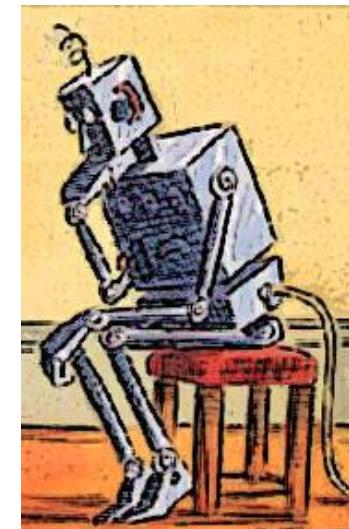
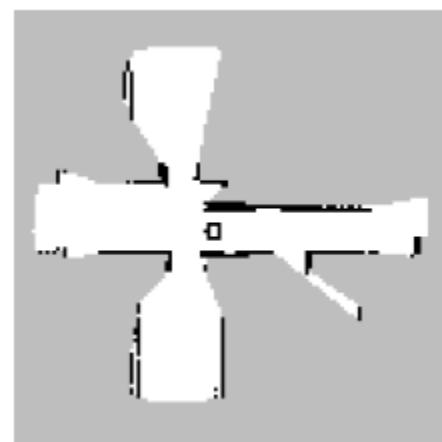
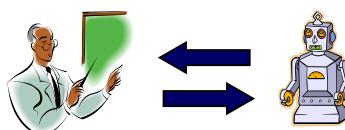
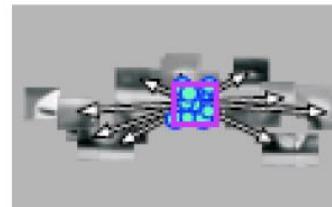


Google self-driving car

# Zahteve za spoznavne sisteme

---

- Zaznavanje
- Predstavitev
- Razpoznavanje
- Učenje
- Sklepanje
- Načrtovanje
- Komunikacija
- Akcija
- Arhitektura



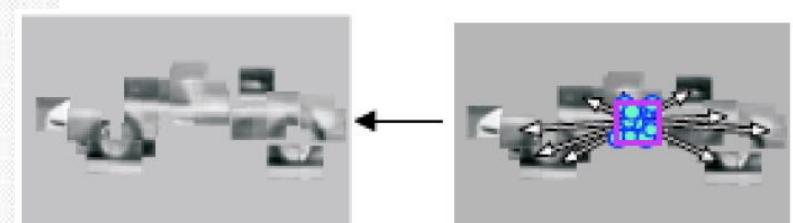
# Zaznavanje

---

- Zaznavanje:
  - Vizualna informacija (slika, video; barvna, ČB, IR,...)
  - Zvok (govor, glasba, šum, ...)
  - Haptična informacija (haptični senzorji, senzorji trka, itn.)
  - Globinska/prostorska informacija (globinske slike, 3D modeli, 3D zemljevidi, ...)
  - Veliko različnih modalnosti – zelo večmodalen sistem
- Pozornost
  - Selektivno zaznavanje
  - Obvladovanje kompleksnosti potencialnih vhodnih signalov



# Predstavitev vizualne informacije

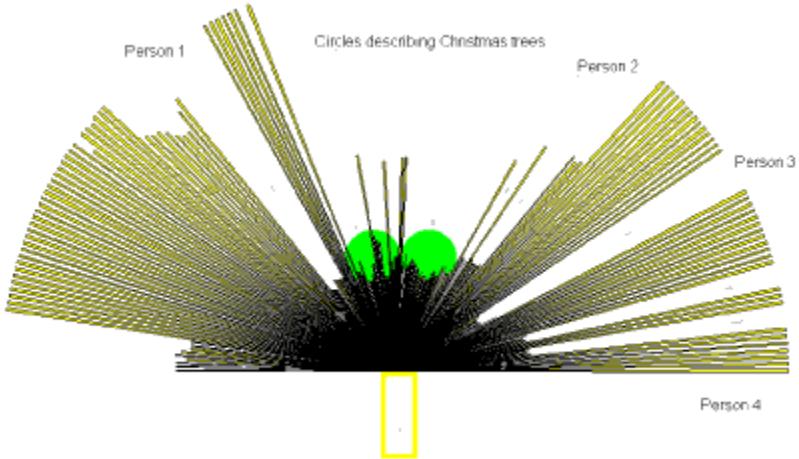
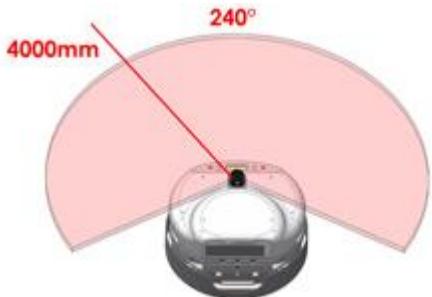


$$\text{Image} = \text{Background} + a_1 \text{Object}_1 + a_2 \text{Object}_2 + a_3 \text{Object}_3 + \dots$$

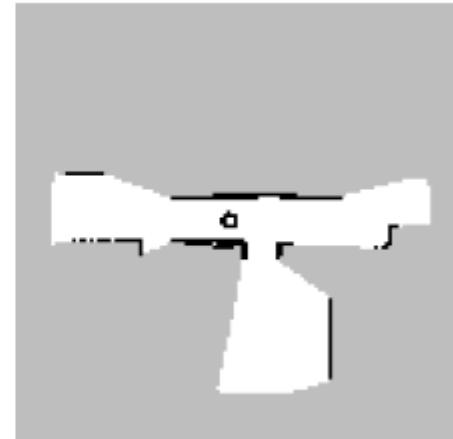
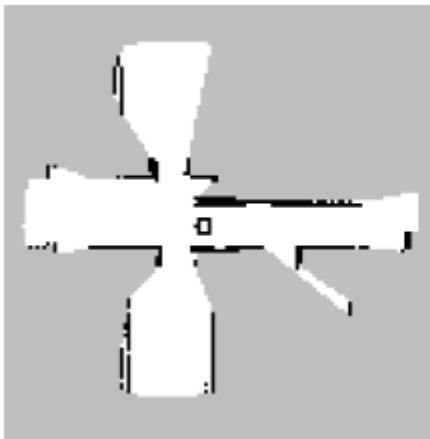
The equation illustrates the decomposition of a visual scene into a background and multiple objects. The first term is a blurred background image. The second term,  $a_1 \text{Object}_1$ , is highlighted with a red border. The third term,  $a_2 \text{Object}_2$ , is highlighted with an orange border. The fourth term,  $a_3 \text{Object}_3$ , is highlighted with a blue border. Ellipses at the end indicate additional objects.

# Predstavitev prostora

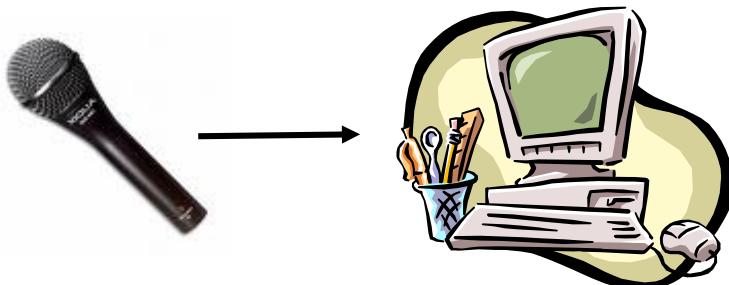
- #### ▪ Metrična informacija



- ## ■ Topološki zemljevid

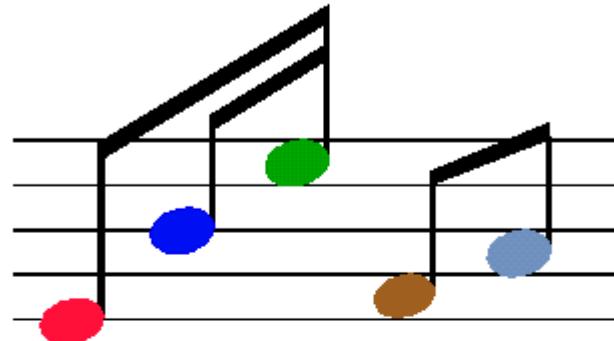


# Predstavitev avdio informacije



From Computer Desktop Encyclopedia  
© 1998 The Computer Language Co., Inc.

## MIDI (digital notes)



10011101 10010011 10010010 00110010 10010100

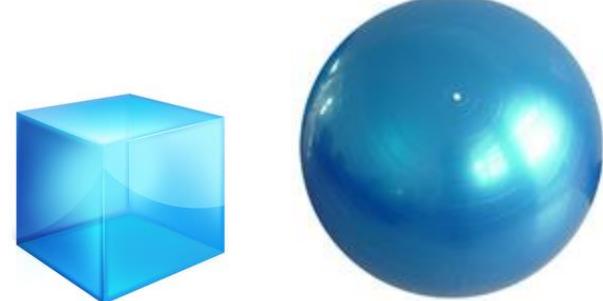
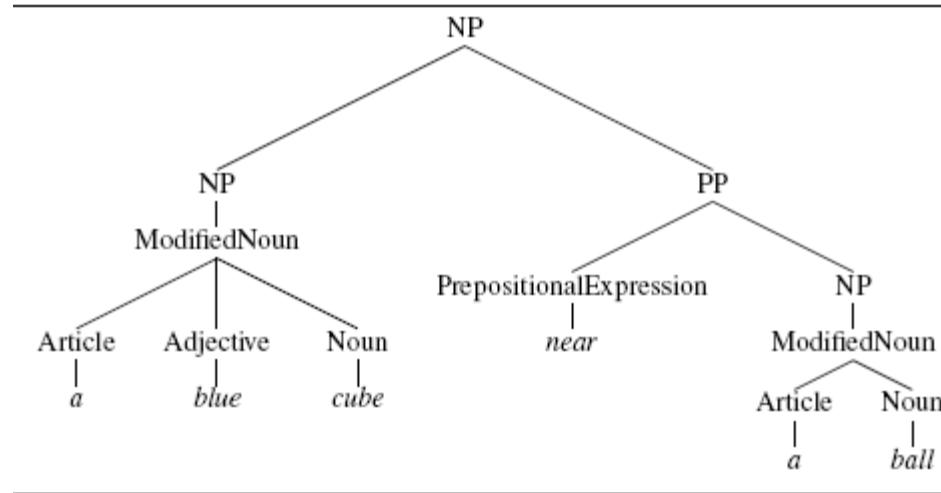
### Digital Audio (digitized sound waves)



10011103010100011101101100110101130011010101211102110  
00012111300101011101000101011011130011001110101101  
0101110101110101010100001001010111010001010110101  
10001011011101010101010000100101000110101110101000  
1013D10110010001010101D11010110001010101D1021D011101  
00101101011010010101001010111010101101101110100  
0101110101011010101010100100120010101100100010101

# Predstavitev lingvistične informacije

---



---

$S \rightarrow \text{Command} \mid \text{Statement} \mid \text{Question} \mid S \text{ Conjunction } S$

$\text{Command} \rightarrow VP$

$\text{Statement} \rightarrow NP \ VP$

$NP \rightarrow \text{Pronoun} \mid \text{Modified\_Noun} \mid NP \text{ RelClause} \mid NP \text{ PP} \mid NP$

$\text{Conjunction} \ NP$

$\text{Modified\_Noun} \rightarrow Noun \mid \text{Article Noun} \mid \text{Adjective Noun} \mid \text{Article}$

$\text{Adjectives Noun}$

$Noun \rightarrow \text{Noun\_Singular} \mid \text{Noun\_Plural}$

$PP \rightarrow \text{PrepositionalExpression} \ NP$

$\text{RelClause} \rightarrow \text{RelPronoun} \ VP$

---

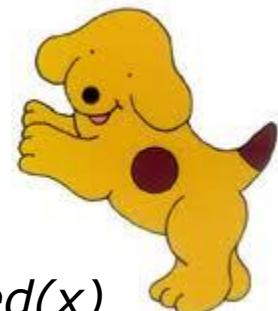
# Predstavitev znanja

## 1. Naravni jezik

- uporaba zahteva razumevanje pomena posameznih besed
- *Spot is a brown dog and, like any dog, has four legs and a tail.*

## 2. Formalni jezik

- jezik formalne logike
- "*Spot is a brown dog*" :  $\text{dog}(\text{Spot}) \text{ AND } \text{brown}(\text{Spot})$
- "*Every dog has four legs*":  $(\forall x) \text{dog}(x) \rightarrow \text{four-legged}(x)$

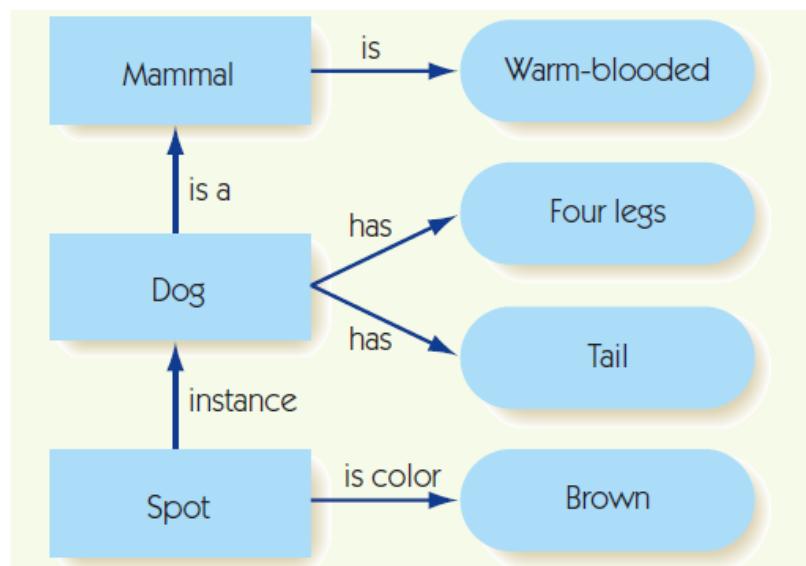


## 3. Grafična predstavitev

- znanje predstavljeni z vozlišči povezanimi s povezavami
- Semantične mreže

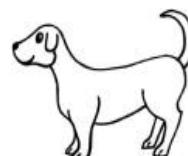
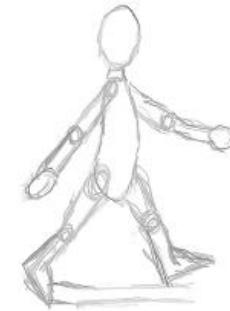
## 4. Idr.

- ustreznost, učinkovitost, razširljivost, primernost



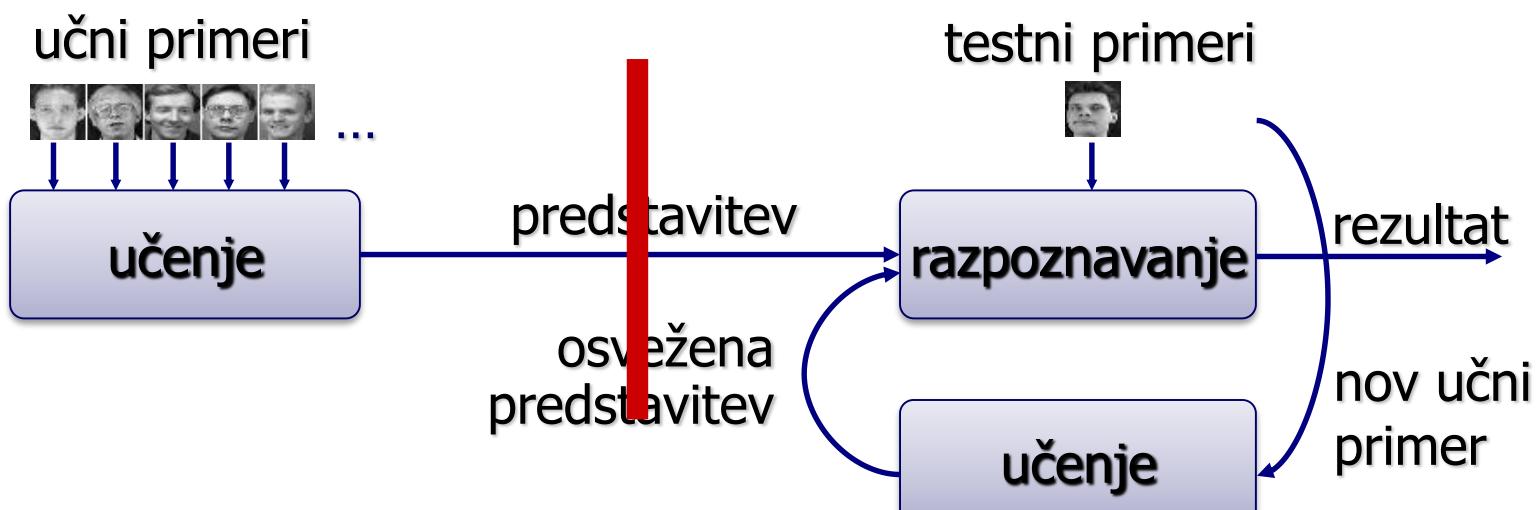
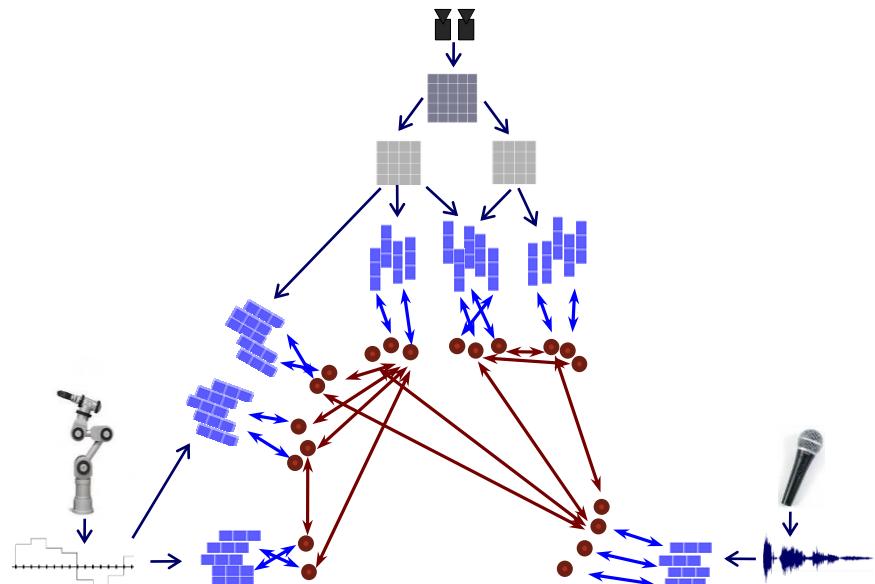
# Razpoznavanje

- Razpoznavanje
  - Objektov
  - Lastnosti
  - Obrazov
  - Prostorov
  - Funkcionalnih lastnosti predmetov
  - Akcij
  - Govora
  - Relacij
  - Namenov,...
- Kategorizacija
- Večmodalno razpoznavanje



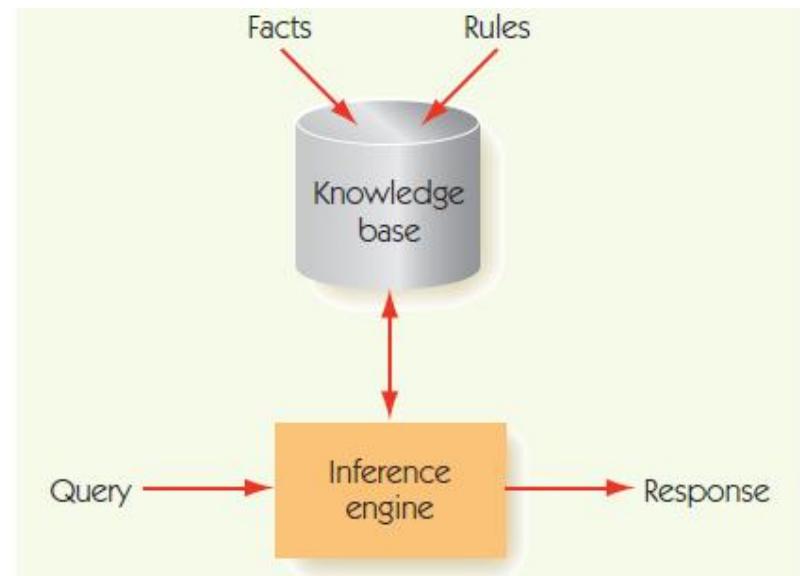
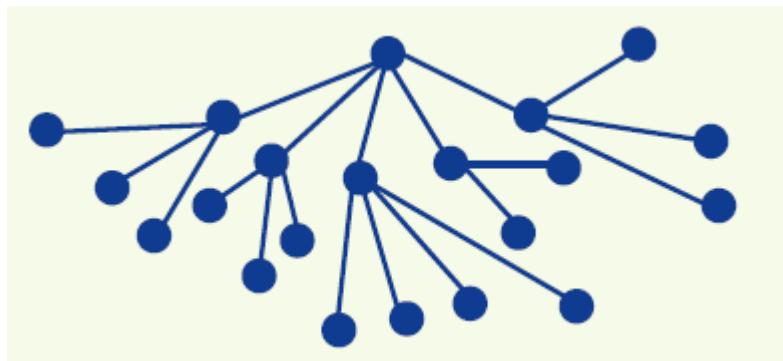
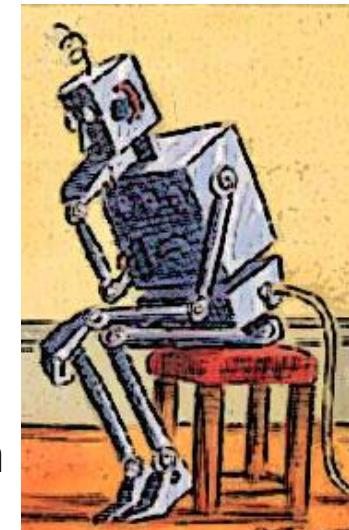
# Učenje

- Gradnja predstavitev
- Kontinuirano učenje
- Različni načini učenja
- Učenje v več modalnostih
- Pozabljanje, popravljanje
- Robustno
- Prirojeno: priučeno



# Sklepanje

- Sklepanje
  - V nepredvidljivem okolju
  - Brez popolne informacije
  - Z določenimi omejitvami robota
  - V spremnjajočem se okolju
  - Upoštevanje različnih modalnosti
  - Samozavedanje, introspekcija, detekcija neznanja
  - Komuniciranje znanja, neznanja
  - Eksperdni sistemi



# Načrtovanje

---

- Načrtovanje
  - V nepredvidljivem okolju
  - Brez popolne informacije
  - Z določenimi omejitvami robota
  - V spremenjajočem se okolju



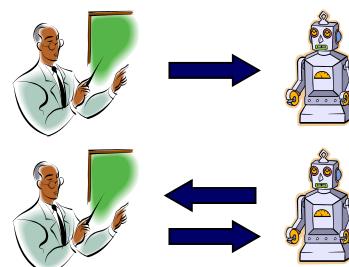
---

```
(:action move
  :parameters (?a - agent ?to - location ?d - door)
  :variables (?from - location)
  :precondition (and
    (pos ?a : ?from)
    (doorstate ?d : open)
    (entrance ?d ?from) (entrance ?d ?to))
  :effect (pos ?a : ?to))
```

---

# Komunikacija

- Komunikacija
  - S človekom
  - Z drugimi (drugačnimi) agenti
  - V določenem okolju in času
  - Prenos znanja
  - Razčičevanje razumevanja
  - Koordinacija
  - Prevzemanje iniciative v dialogu
  - Verbalna in neverbalna komunikacija
  - Prizemeljevanje simbolov –  
Symbol grounding
  - Semantično opisovanje zaznav
  - Učenje jezika
    - sintaksa
    - širjenje ontologije
  - Učenje z uporabo jezika



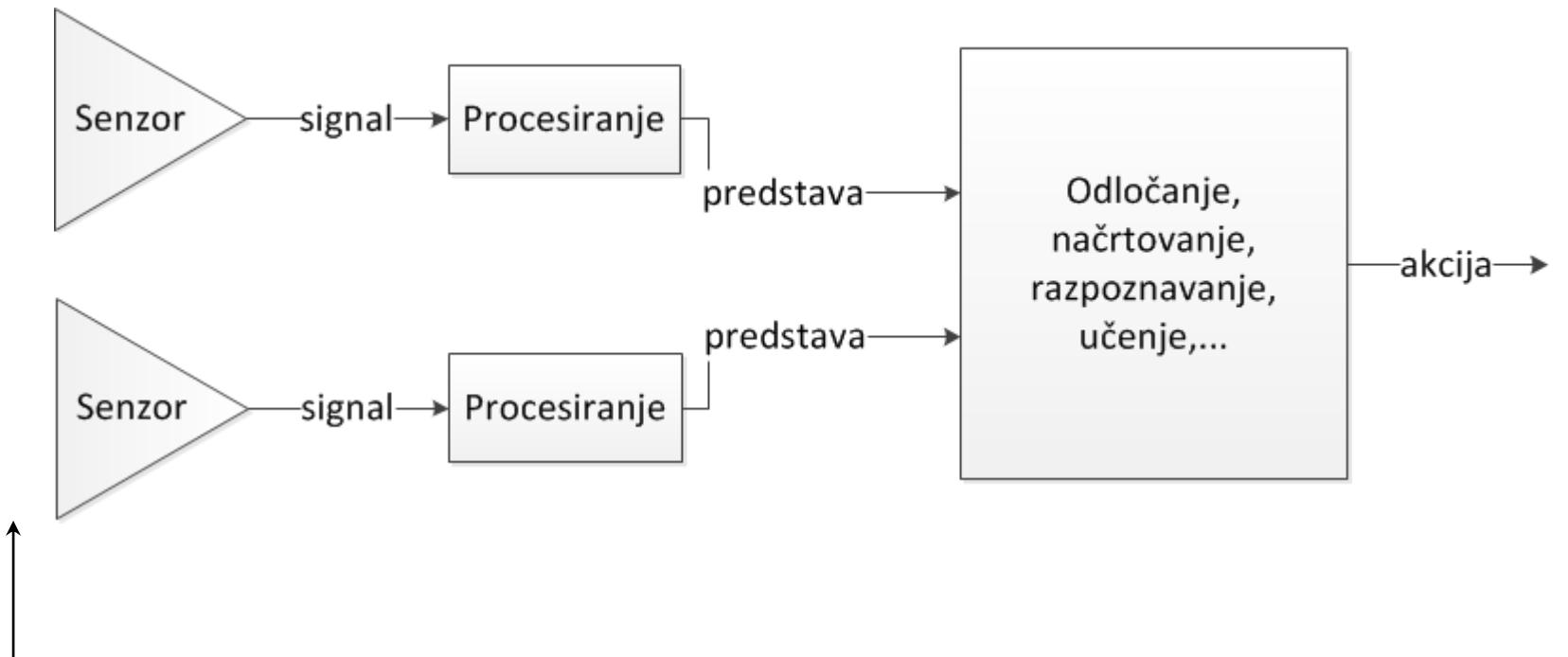
# Akcija

---

- Manipulacija s predmeti (robotska roka)
  - Premikanje po prostoru (mobilni robot)
  - Ostalo: zvok, svetlobni signali, druga prijemala, itn.
- 
- Utelešenost (embodiment)
  - Umeščenost v prostor (situationalness)

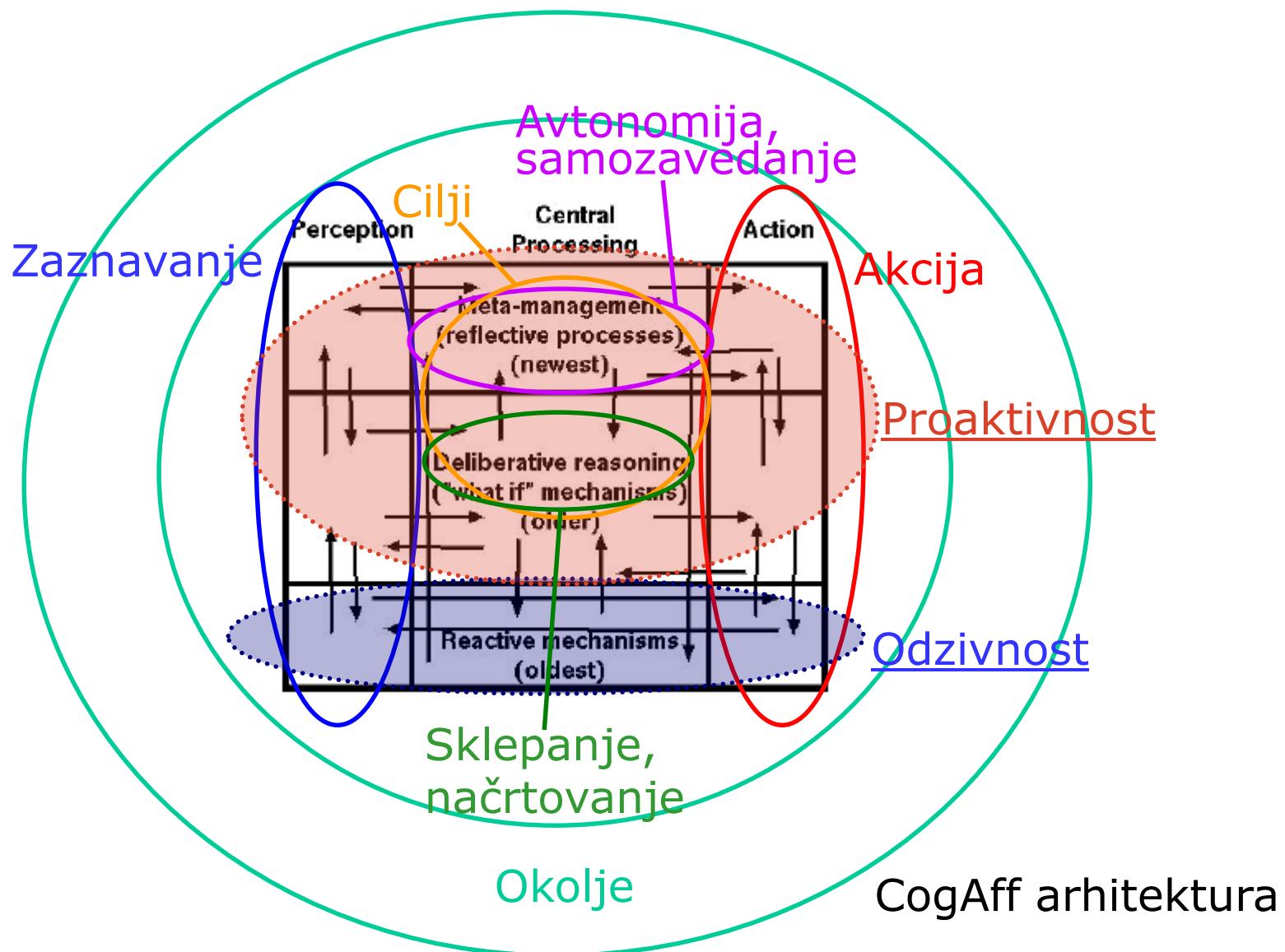


# Cikel zaznavanje - akcija



- Velika abstrakcija realnega sveta

# Arhitektura spoznavnega sistema



# Primeri

---



EURON video

# Primeri – PR2

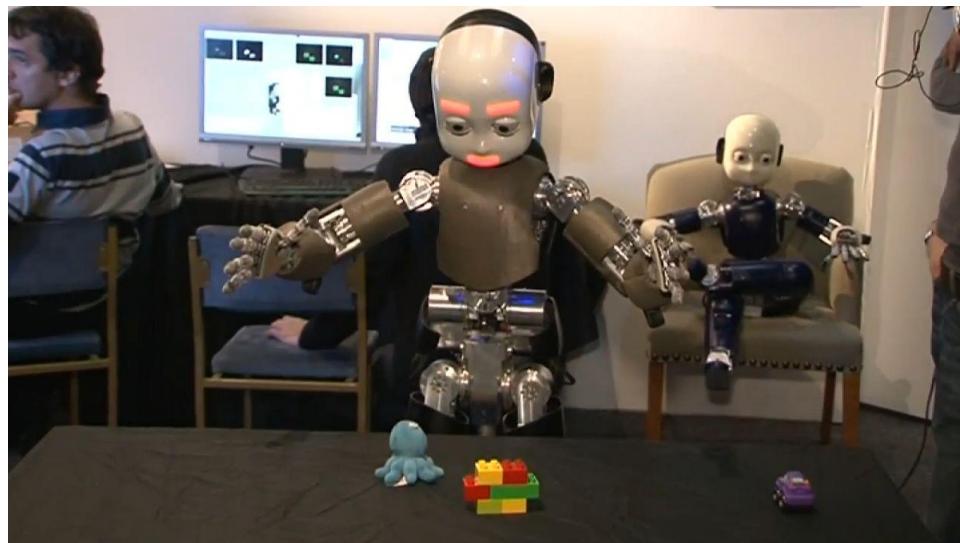
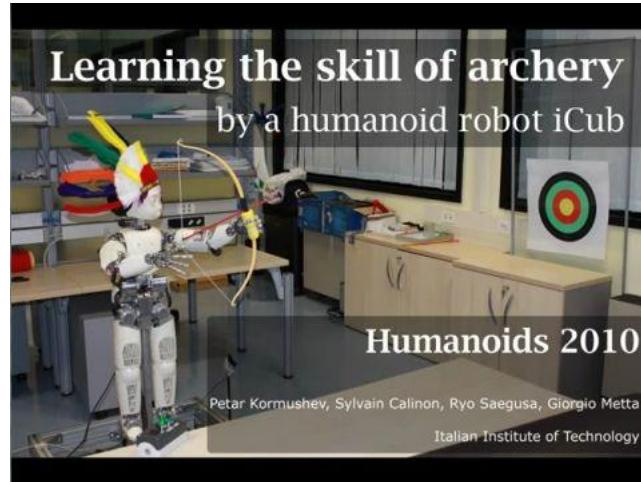


Willow Garage

:cart

# Primeri - iCub

---

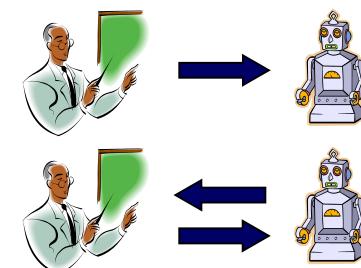
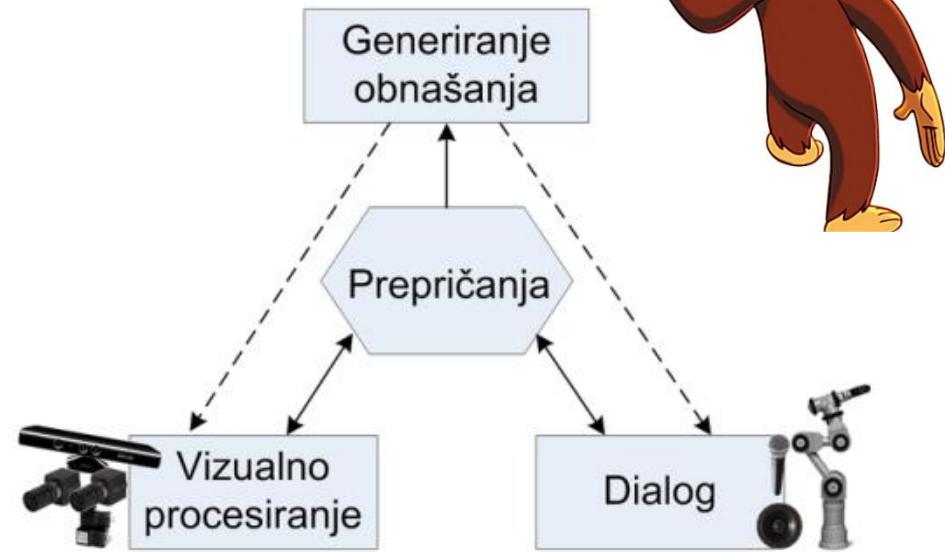


# Primeri - Asimo



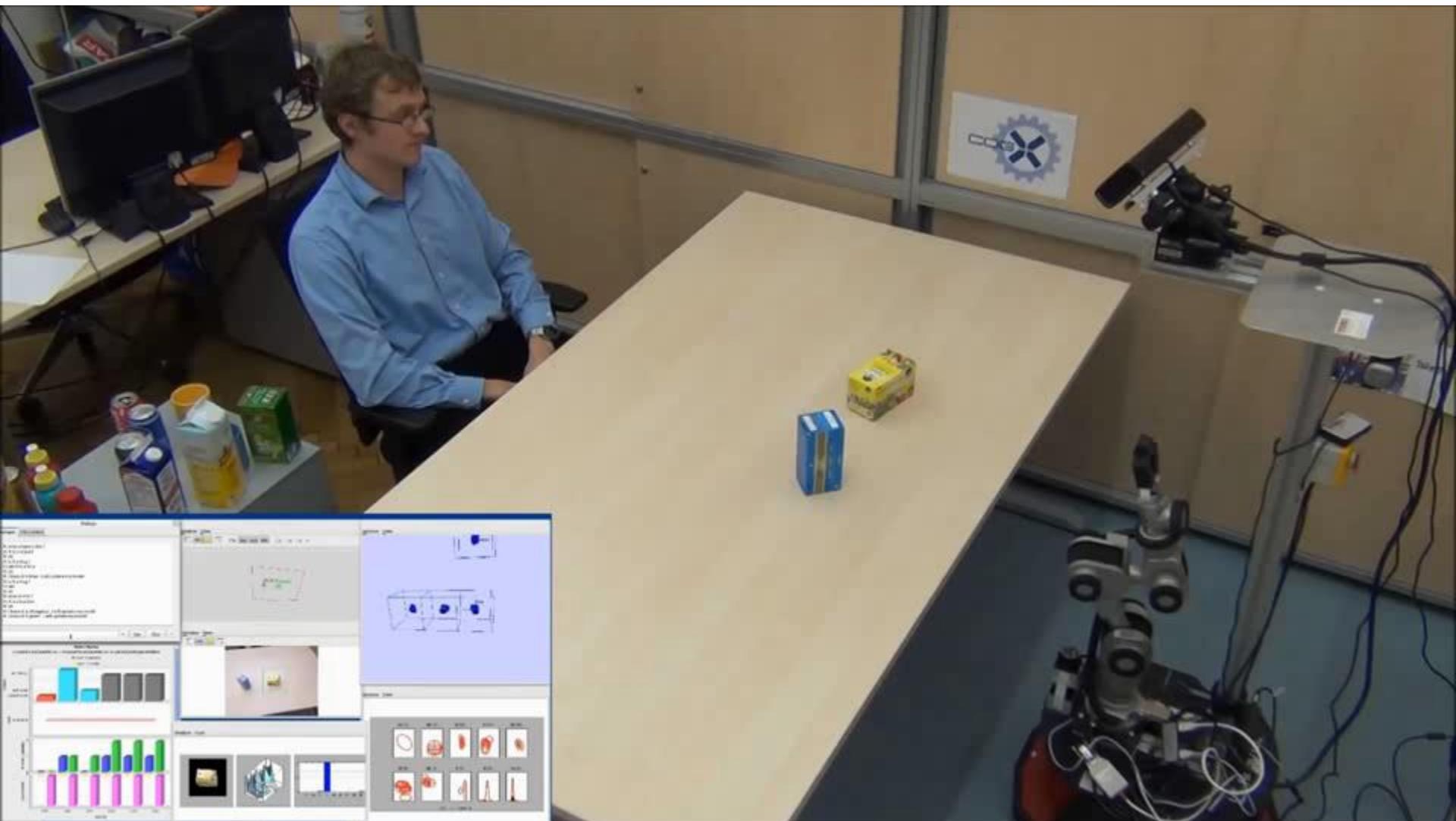
# Radovedni robot George

- Interaktivno učenje v dialogu s človekom
- Radovednost kot gonilo učenja
- Učenje kategoričnega znanja



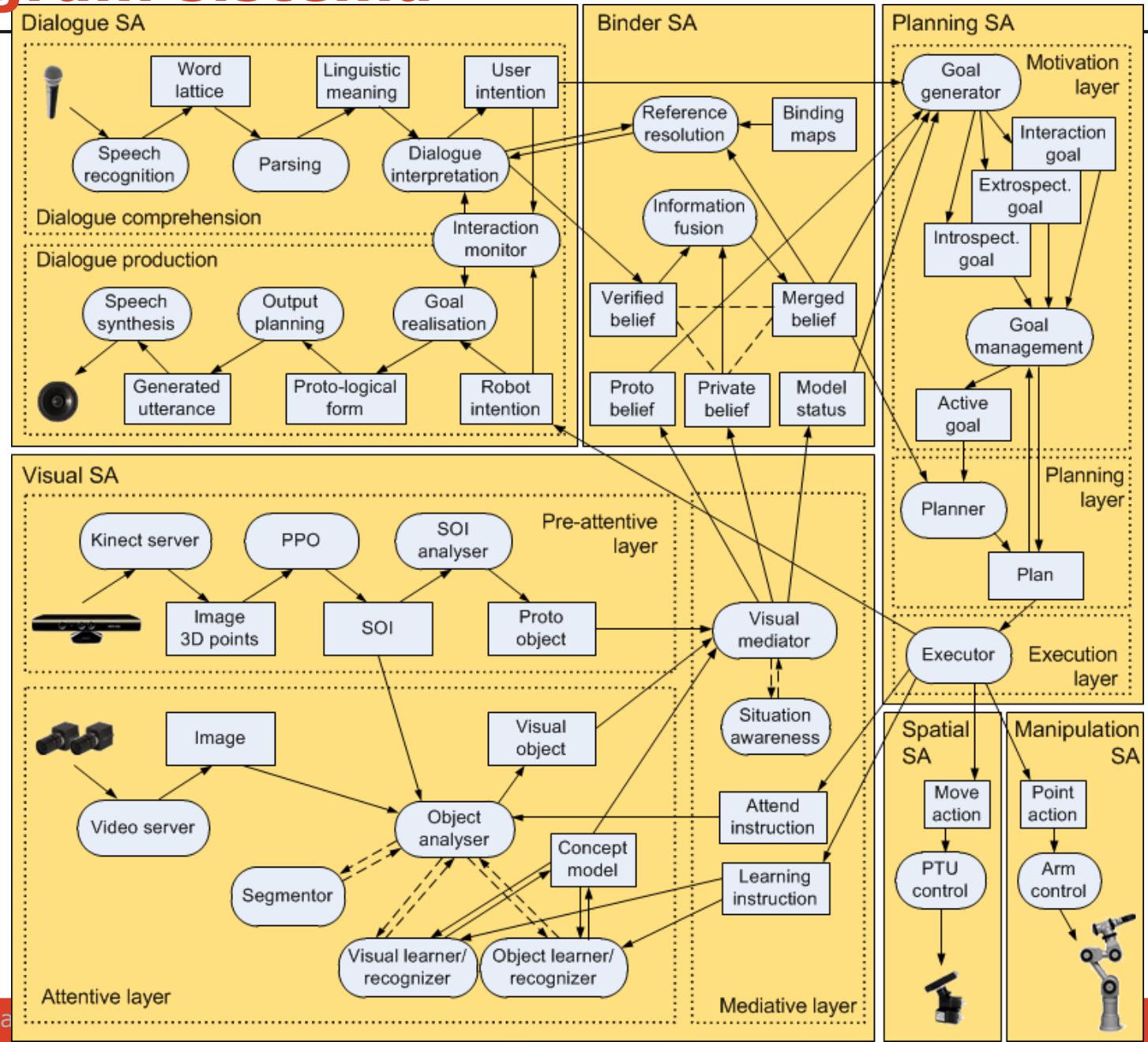
# Video

---



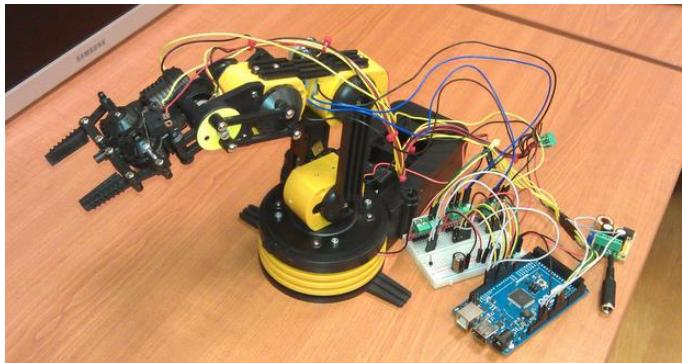
<http://cogx.eu/results/george>

# Diagram sistema

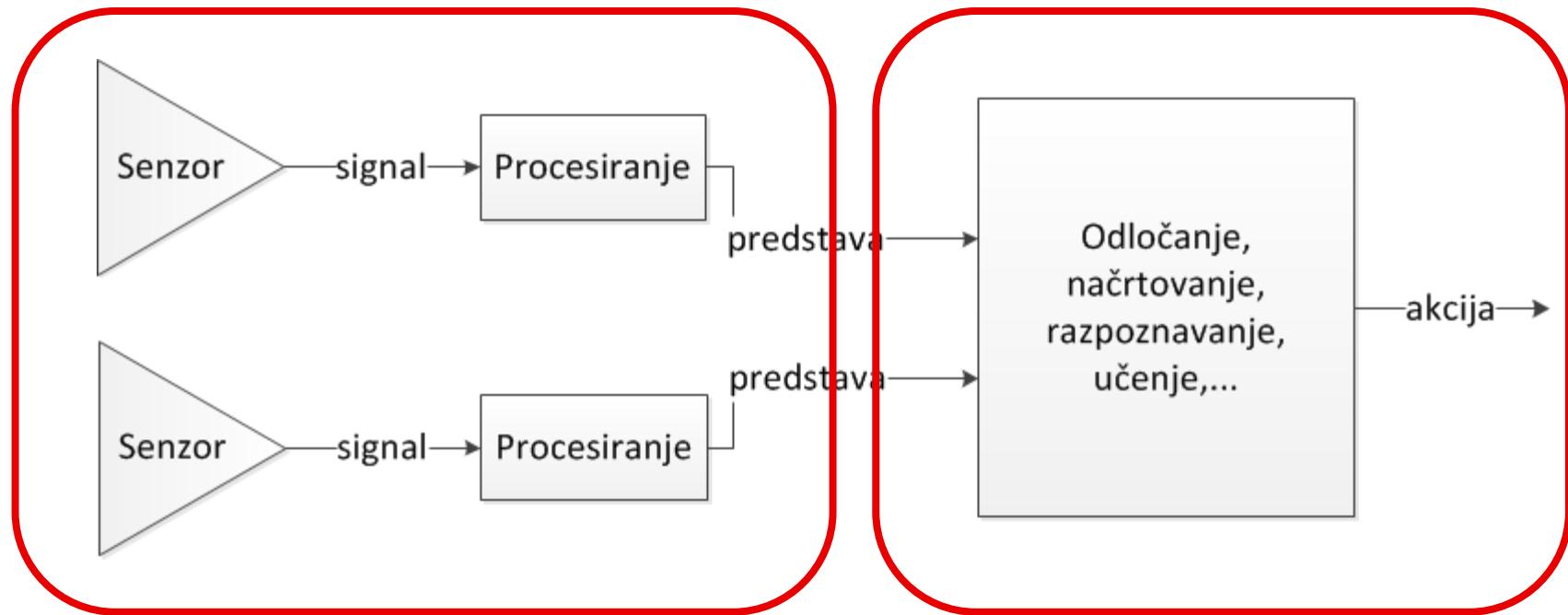


# Dostopnejši roboti

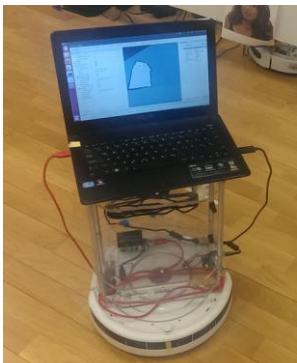
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# TurtleBot ali Mindstorms?



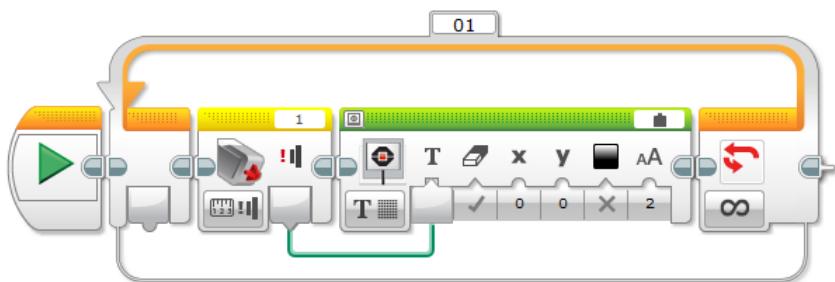
+ zmogljivost



+ enostavnost



# Lego Mindstorms EV3



```
Program config(Sensor 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
//Code automatically generated by '90000' configuration wizard.

task main()
    sleep(1000)

    while (SensorValue[Sensor 1] > 0) //Detected white color
    {
        //Motors are backwards... ignore this
        motor[motorB] = -50;
        motor[motorC] = -50;

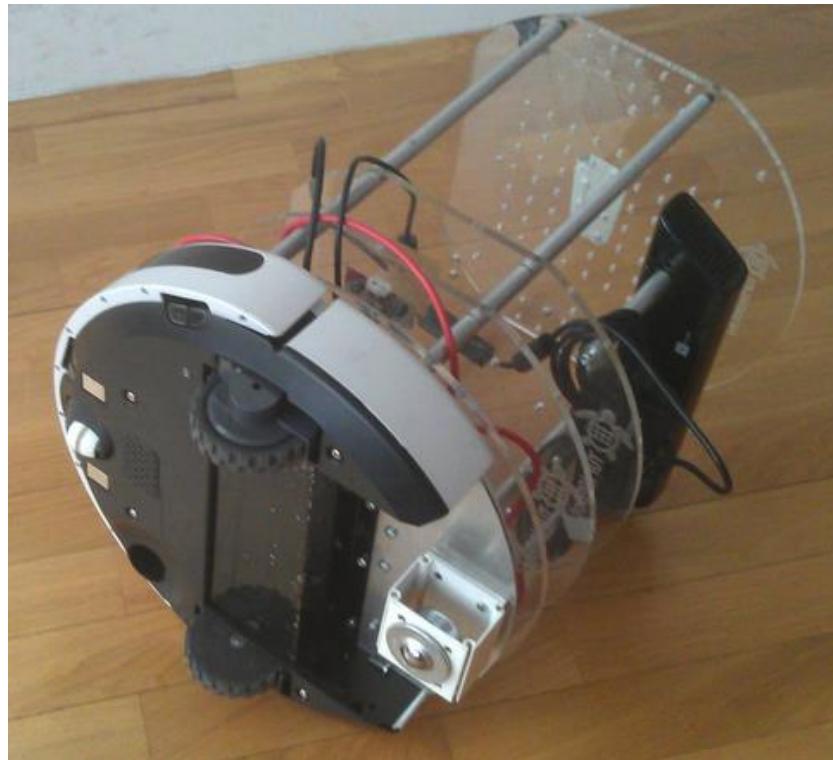
        sleep(1000);
    }

    motor[motorB] = 50;
    motor[motorC] = 50;
    sleep(1000);
}
```

# TurtleBot++

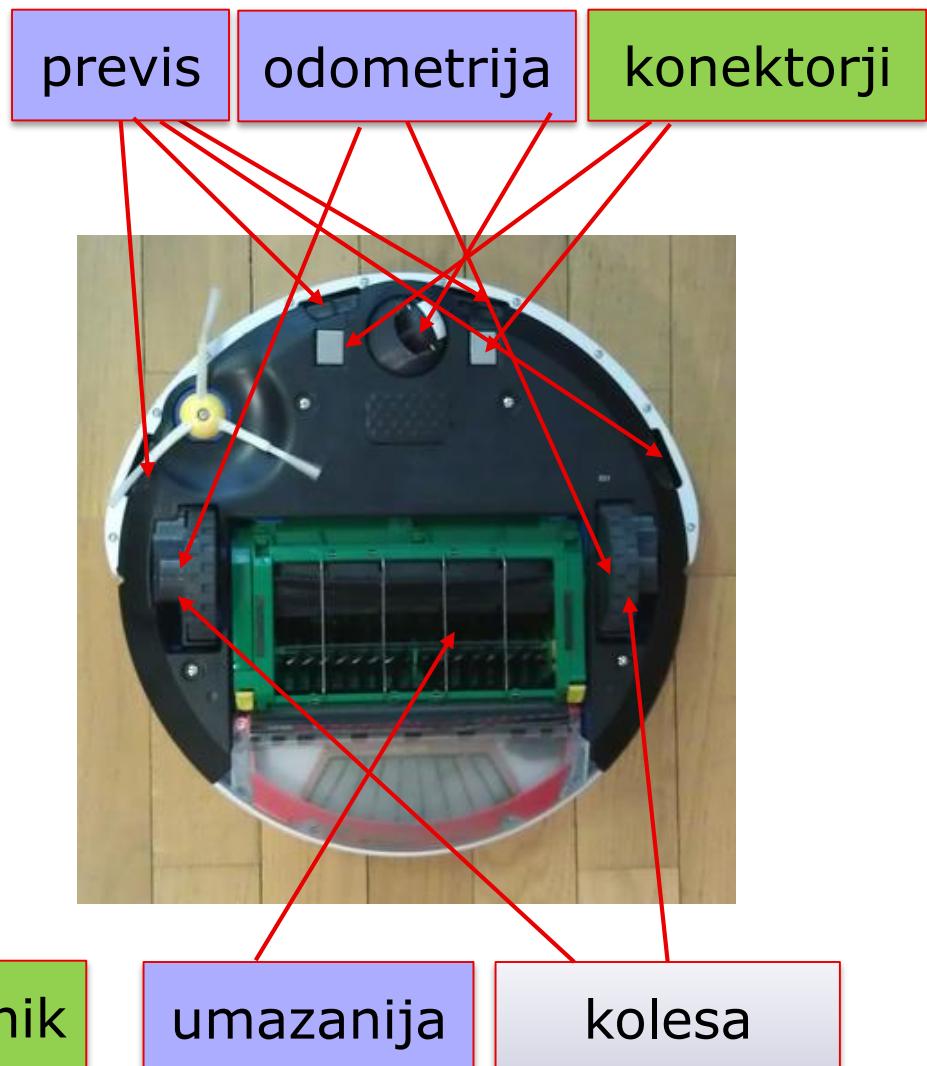
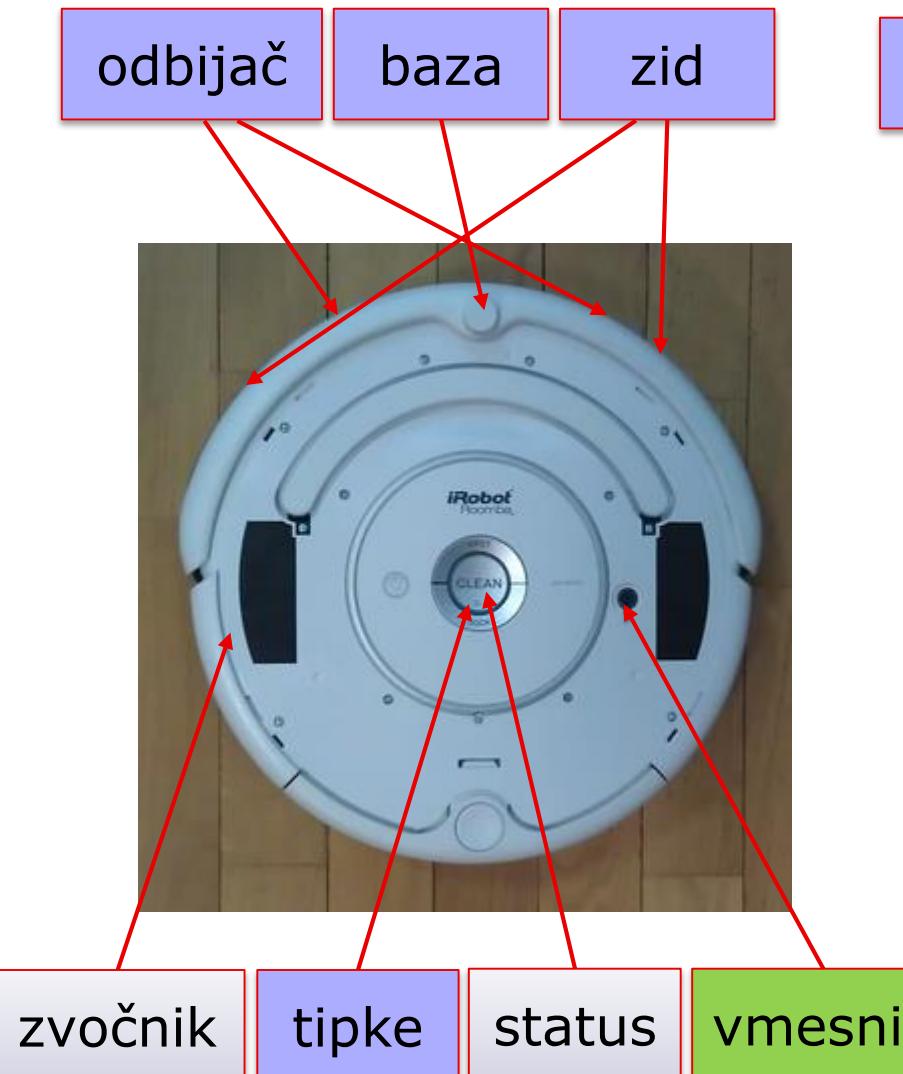
---

- Mobilna platforma: iRobot Roomba 531 + TurtleBot + Kinect
- Programska platforma: ROS, Robot Operating System
- Prenosni računalnik



 ROS

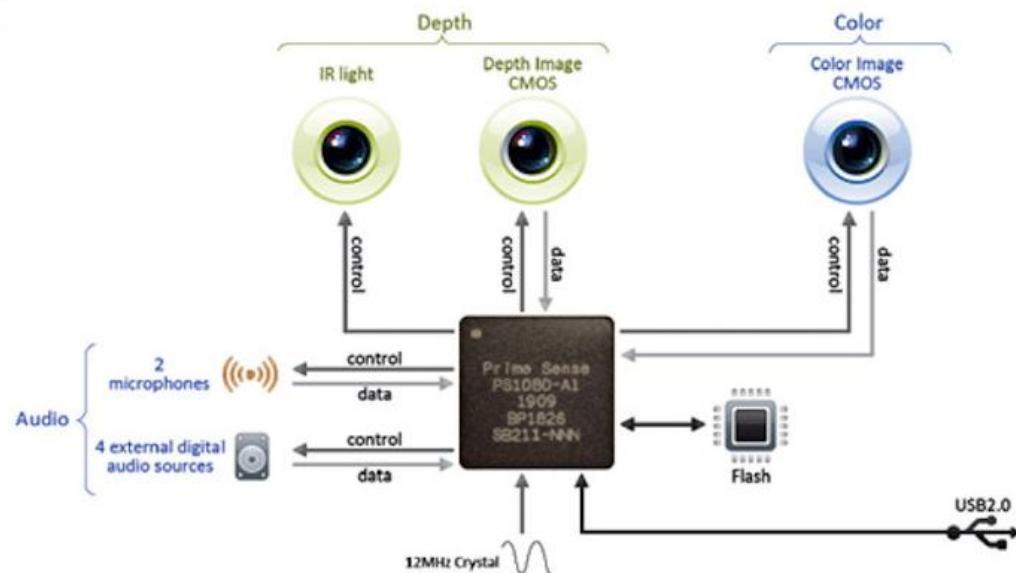
# Zaznavanje in akcija



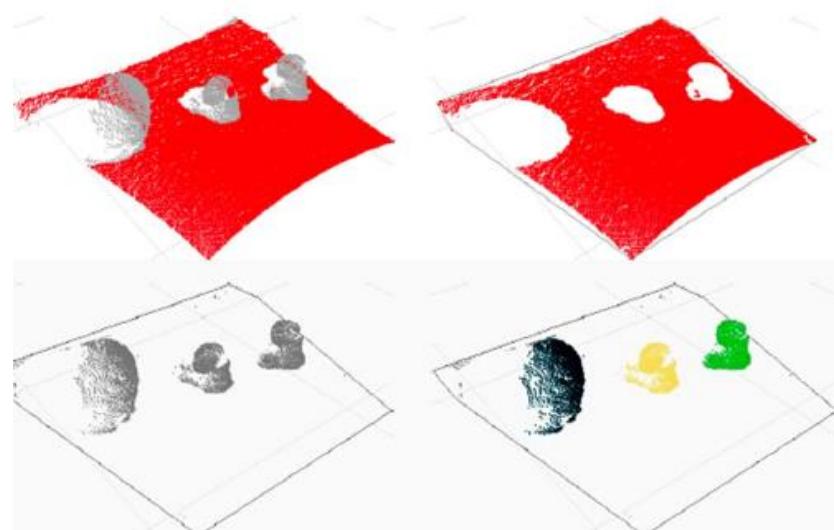
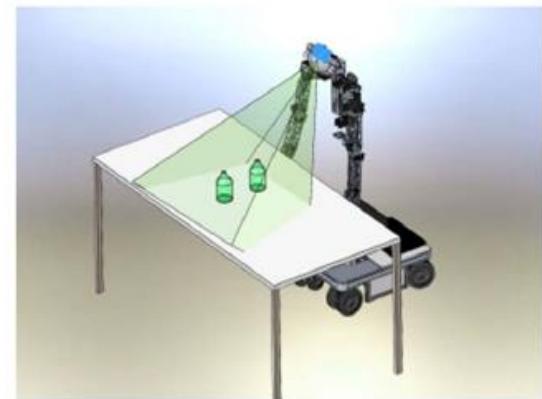
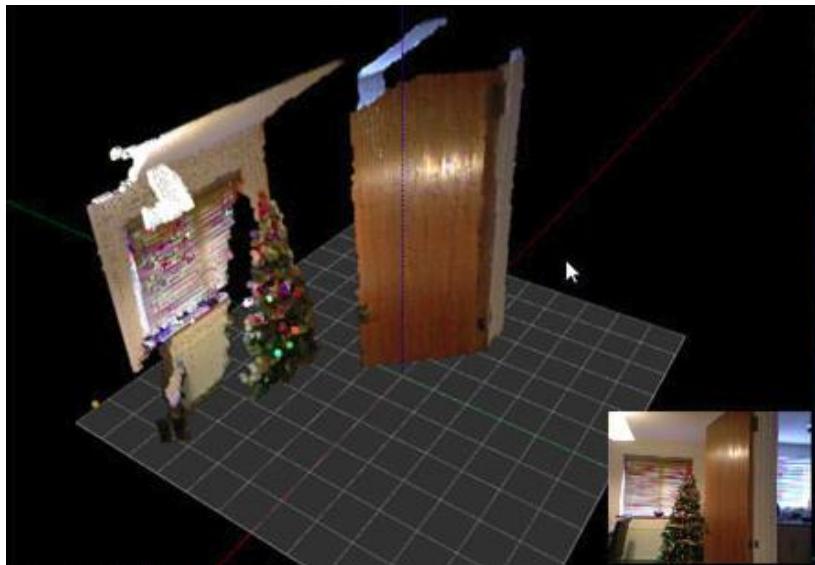
# RGBD senzor Kinect



- Barvna slika
- Oblak 3D točk



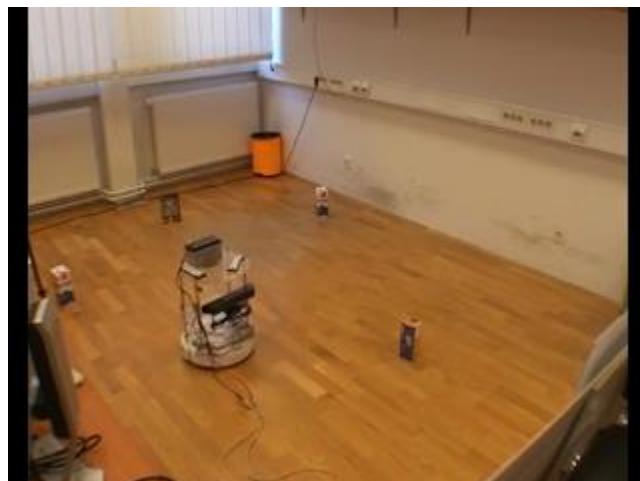
# RGBD informacija



# Inteligentni Roomba



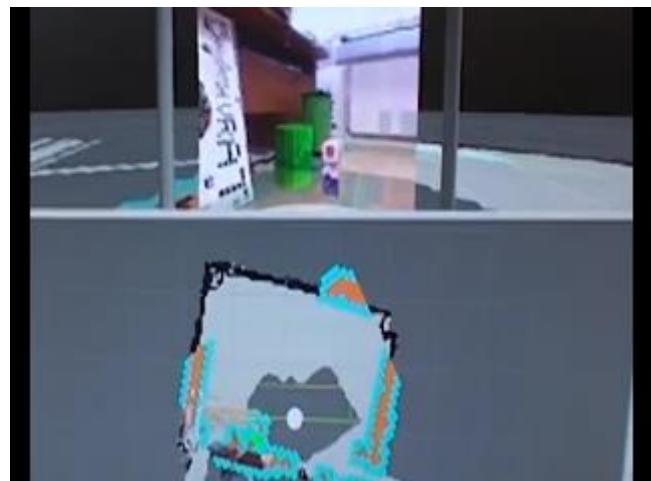
RInS 2012



Diploma G. Pušnik



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# Zaključek

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D-60



D-30



D



D+30

