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Fig. 1. Placeholder image of a frog with a long example legend to show justification setting.

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[*] Footnote Example 1

[†] Footnote Example 2



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$$\begin{aligned}(x+y)^3 &= (x+y)(x+y)^2 \\ &= (x+y)(x^2+2xy+y^2) \\ &= x^3+3x^2y+3xy^3+x^3.\end{aligned} \quad [2]$$

Table 1. Comparison of the fitted potential energy surfaces and ab initio benchmark electronic energy calculations

Species	CBS	CV	G3
1. Acetaldehyde	0.0	0.0	0.0
2. Vinyl alcohol	9.1	9.6	13.5
3. Hydroxyethylidene	50.8	51.2	54.0

nomenclature for the TSs refers to the numbered species in the table.

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$$\begin{aligned}(x+y)^3 &= (x+y)(x+y)^2 \\ &= (x+y)(x^2+2xy+y^2) \\ &= x^3+3x^2y+3xy^3+x^3.\end{aligned} \quad [1]$$

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Table 2. Impact on Emission Behaviors by Socioeconomic Status

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	City-level		Firm-level	City-level	
Dep. Var.:	COD Emission (1,000 tons)		COD Emission (ton)	Firm Entry	Firm Exit
	Panel A: Population Share without College Education				
Share of Below College $\times$ $Post_{05}$	0.165***	0.292**	0.358***	0.623**	0.280
	(0.026)	(0.119)	(0.106)	(0.266)	(0.487)
Share of Below College	-0.208				
	(0.141)				
$Post_{05}$	-16.426***				
	(2.873)				
	Panel B: Population Share without High School Education				
Share of Below HS $\times$ $Post_{05}$	0.099***	0.218**	0.232**	0.453**	0.089
	(0.005)	(0.090)	(0.079)	(0.195)	(0.333)
Share of Below HS	-0.213*				
	(0.100)				
$Post_{05}$	-9.465***				
	(0.564)				

*** $P < 0.01$, ** $P < 0.05$, * $P < 0.1$

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